

Survey of Trends for Integrated Point-of-Load Converters

Power Supply On Chip

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Prof. Khai D. T. Ngo, Prof. Fred C. Lee

Presented by

Fred C. Lee and Qiang Li

Center for Power Electronics Systems

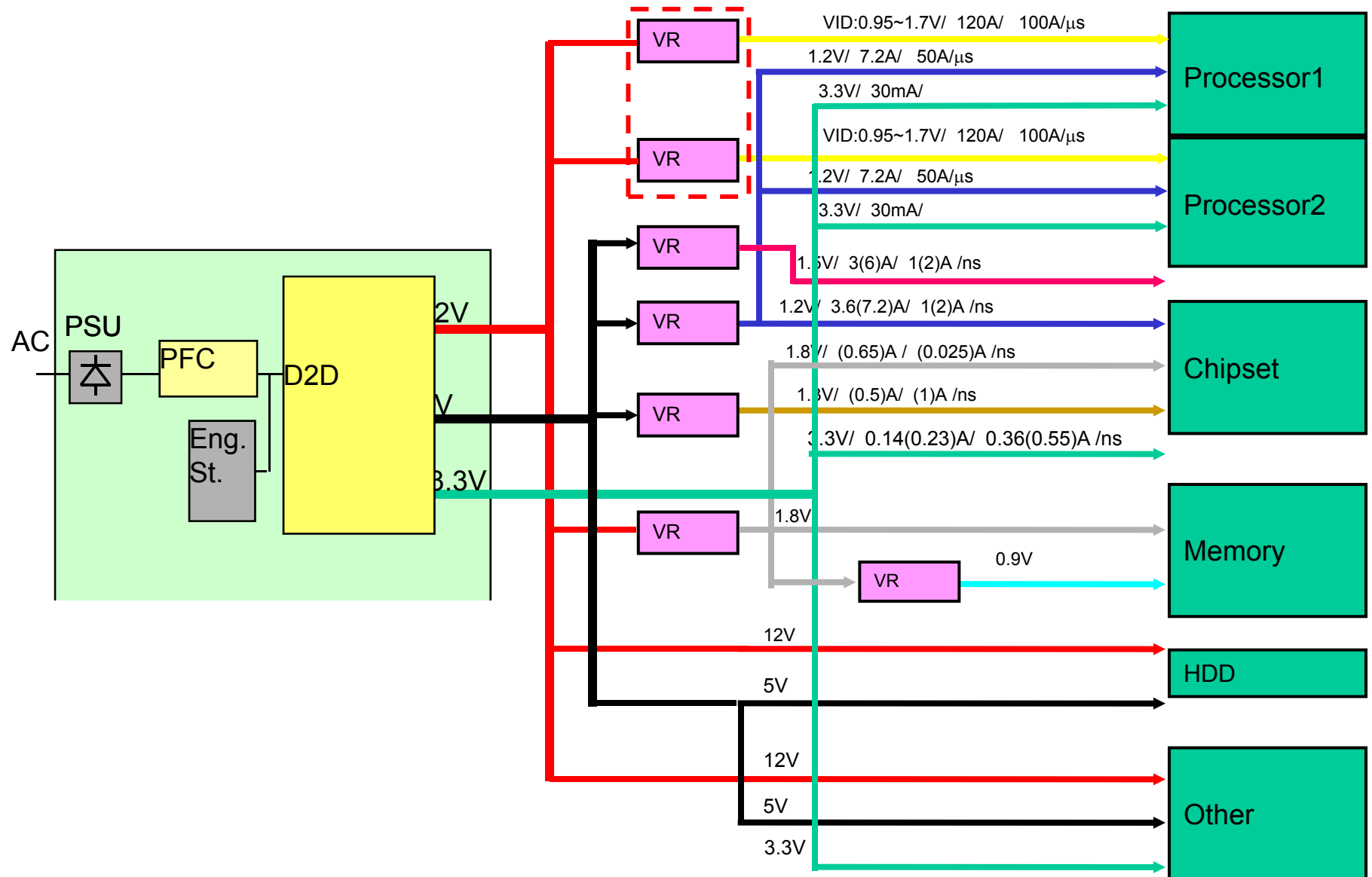
Sept 22-24, 2008

Expanded Research to Lower Power

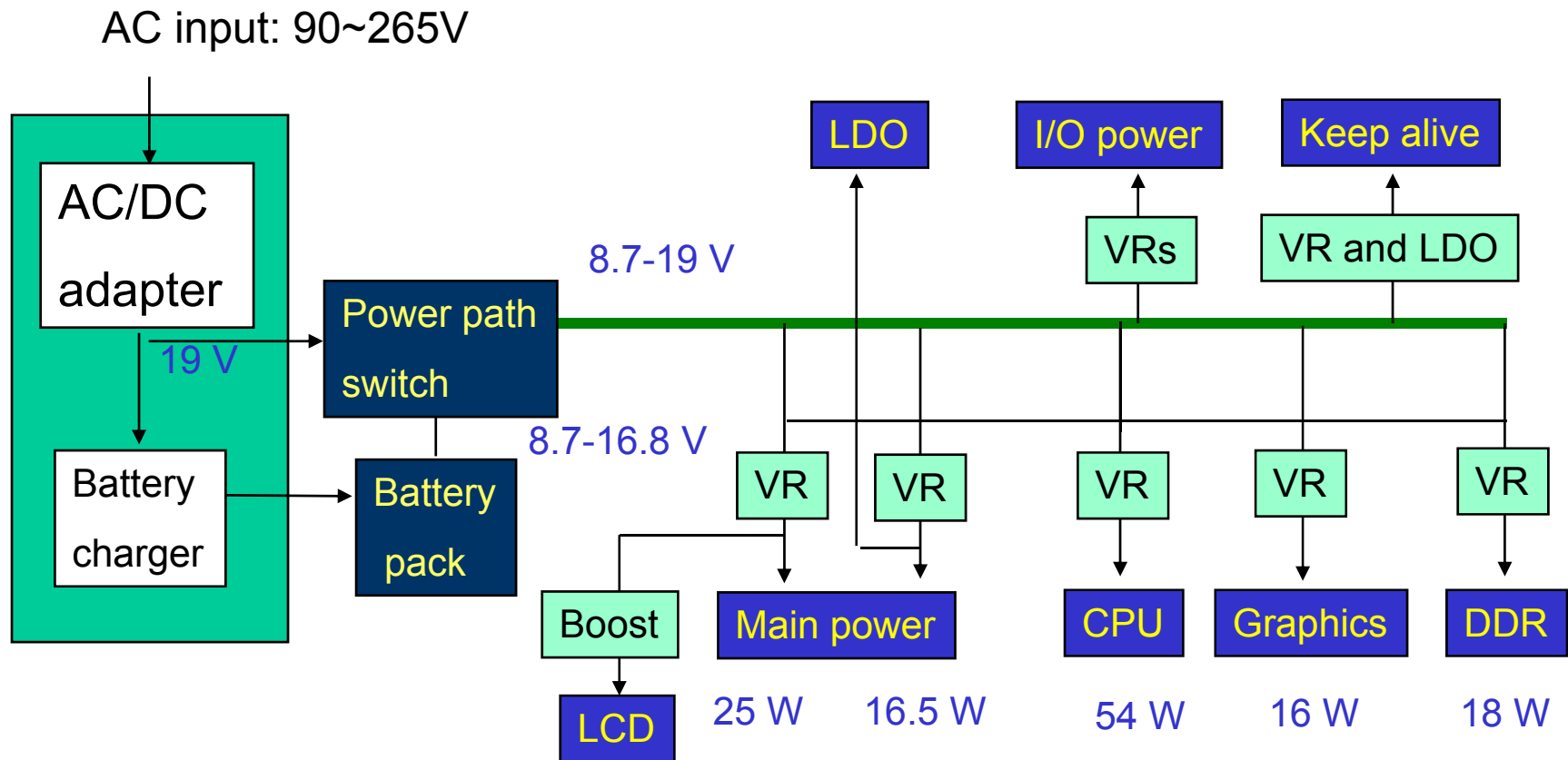
IT Applications \$20- \$30 Billion Dollar Industry



Present Server Power Architecture



Power Architecture for Laptop



Power
Adaptor
(Delta)

Embedded Power
(Semiconductor Companies)

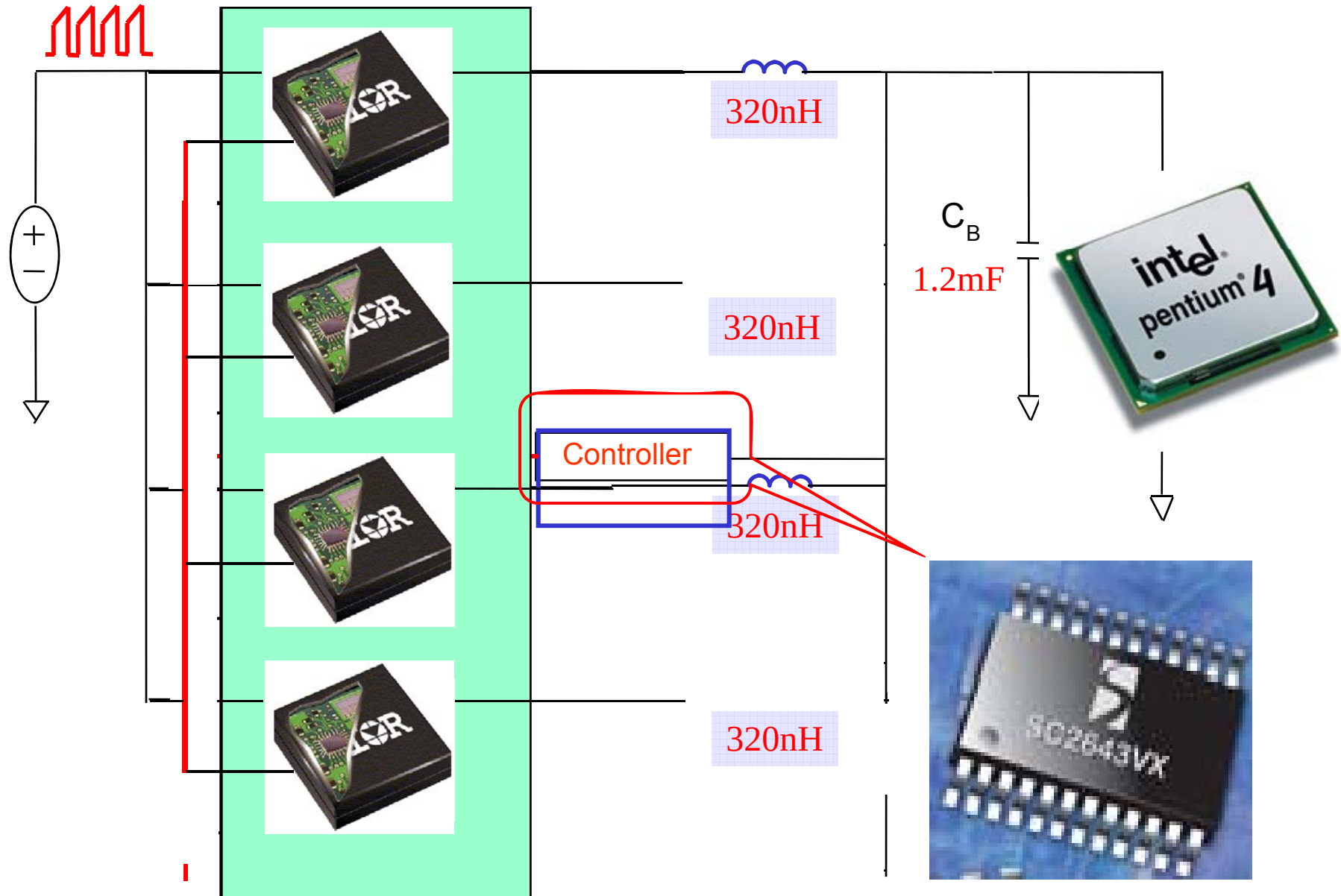
Point-of-Load Converters

Non-Isolated Buck Type



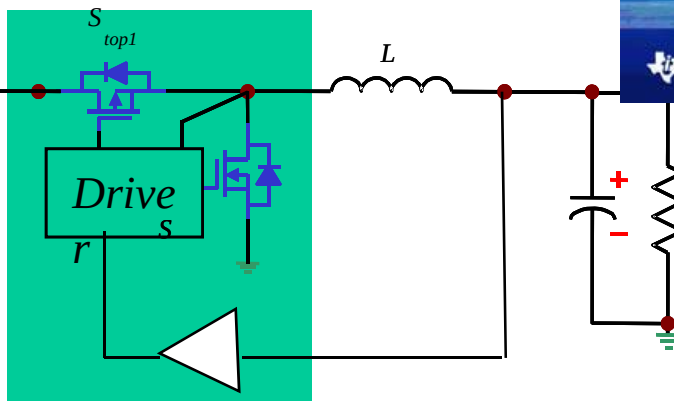
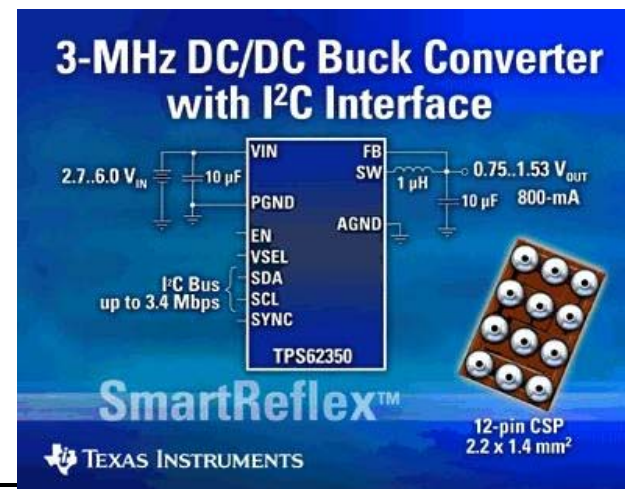
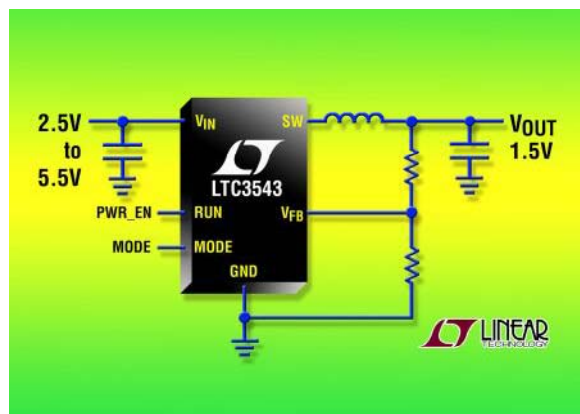
Market Size: \$4B

POL: Voltage Regulator Module



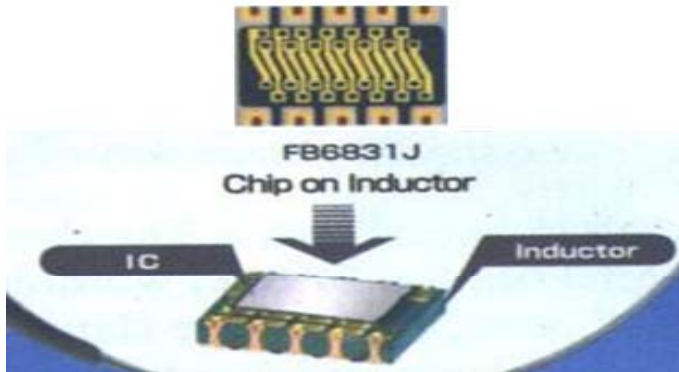
Lower Power POL

Monolithic Integration

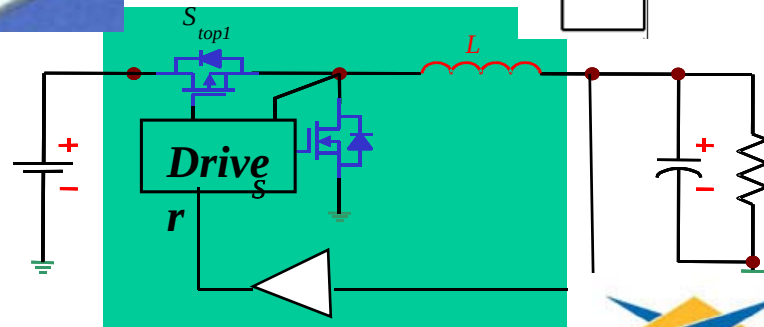
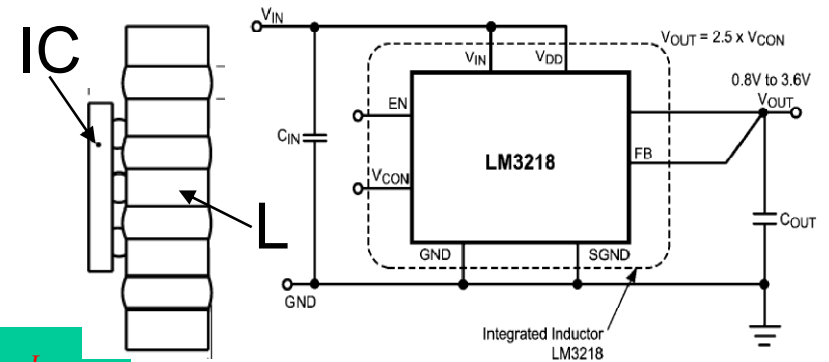


More Integrated POL

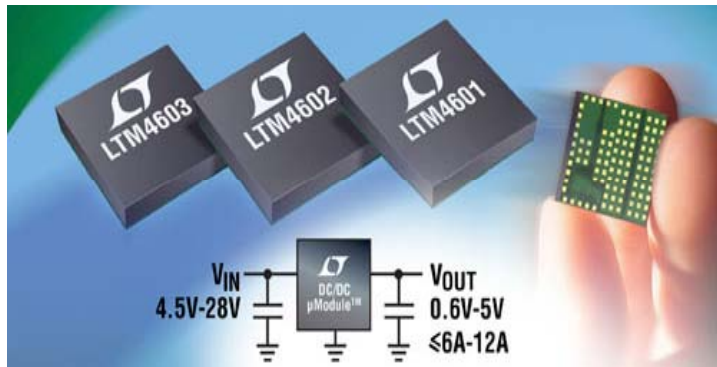
FE Fuji Electric Device Technology Co., Ltd.



National Semiconductor



LINEAR TECHNOLOGY

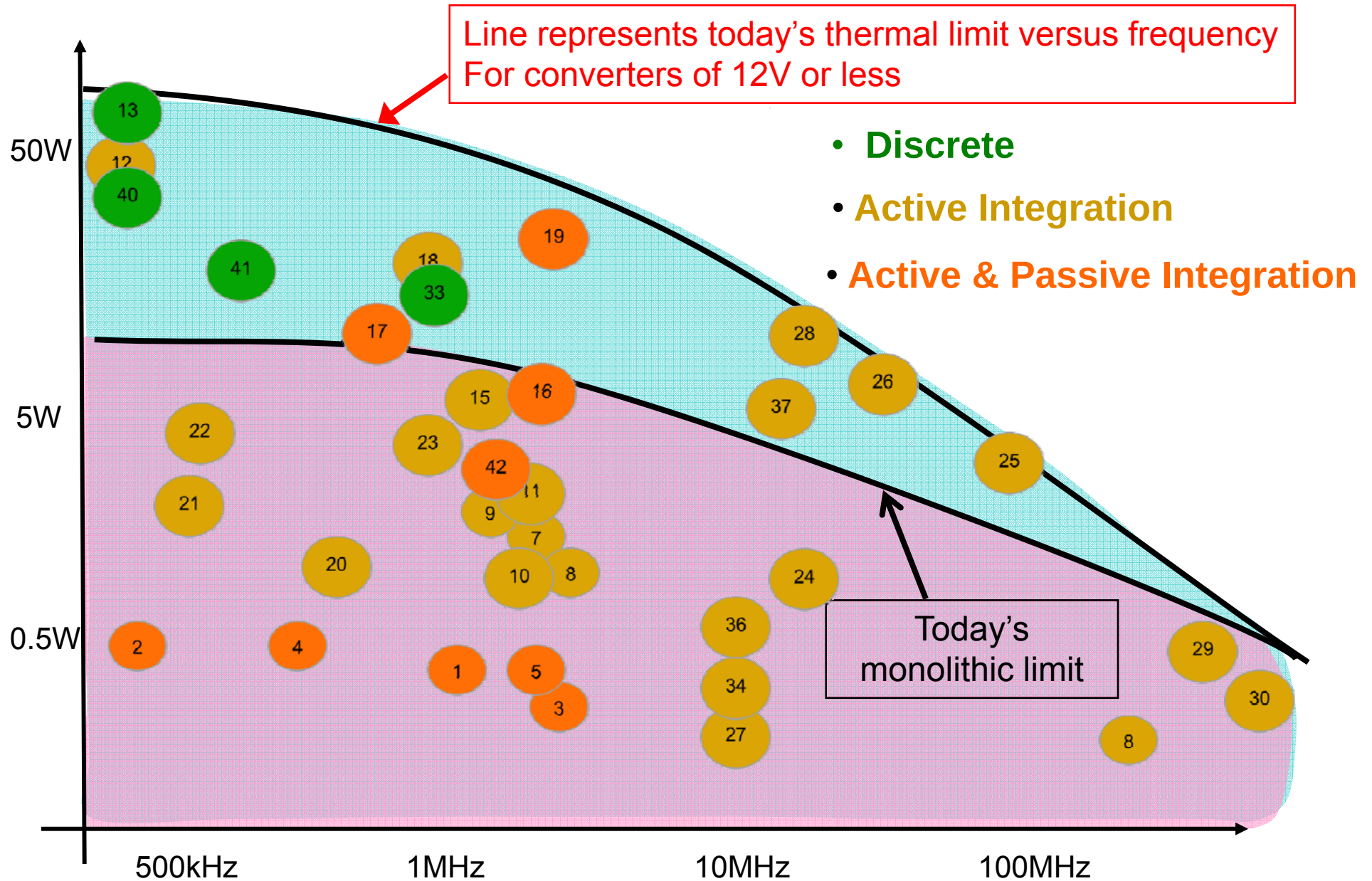


ENPIRION



Big market for Integrated POL; Big challenge for inductor integration.

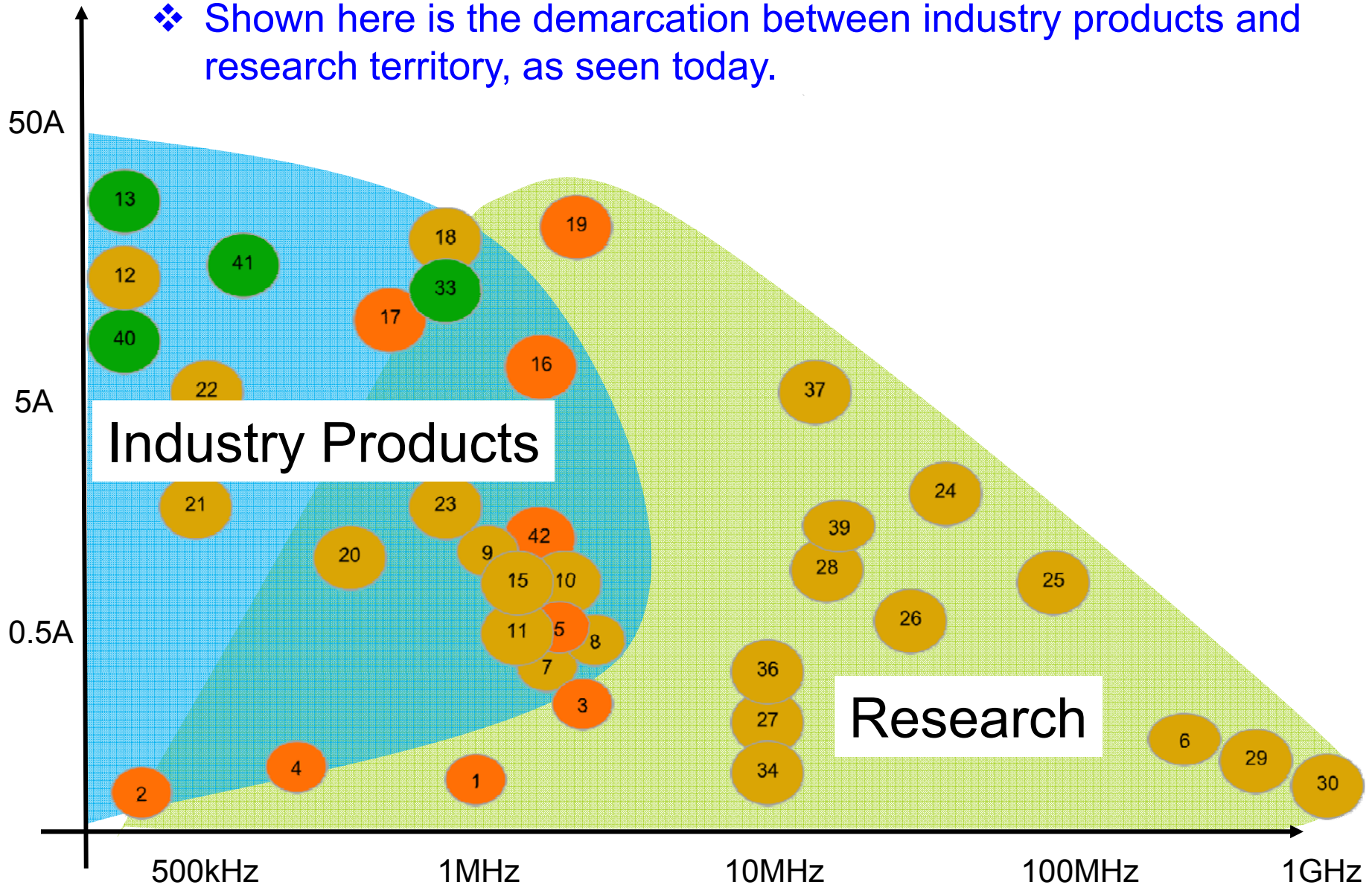
Integration of POL



* Data points are referred to "Reference IV"

POL Products & Research

❖ Shown here is the demarcation between industry products and research territory, as seen today.



* Data points are referred to "Reference IV"

Presentation Outline

❖ **Device Technologies**

❖ Magnetic Material

❖ Level of Integration

❖ Integration Example

Device Technology for Different POL

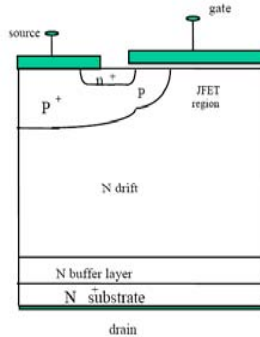
-- VDMOS & Trench MOSFET

Current

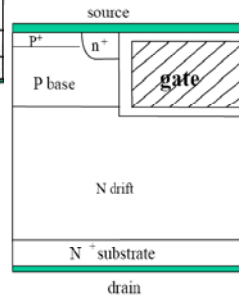
40A

20A

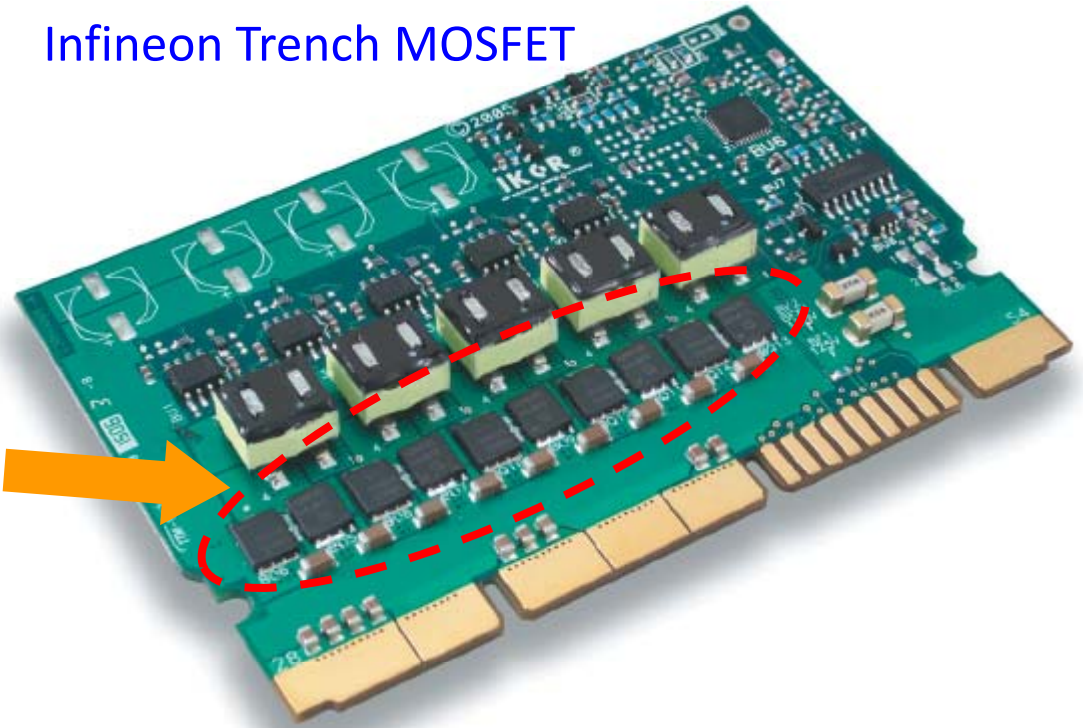
**Discrete
VDMOS**



**Discrete
Trench
MOSFET**



VRM for Intel CPU with
Infineon Trench MOSFET



Frequency

100kHz

1MHz

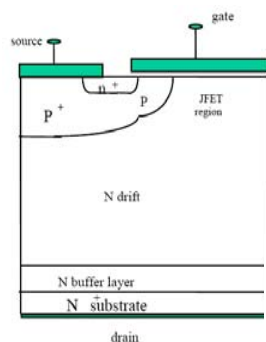
Device Technology for Different POL

-- Trench MOSFET with Advanced packaging

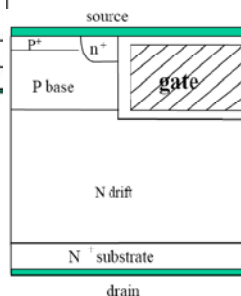
Current

40A

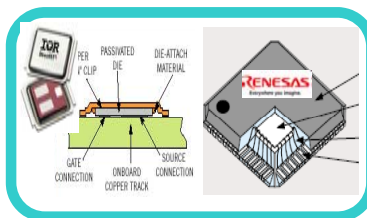
20A



**Discrete
VDMOS**



**Discrete
Trench
MOSFET**



**Discrete
Trench
MOSFET
with
advanced
packaging**

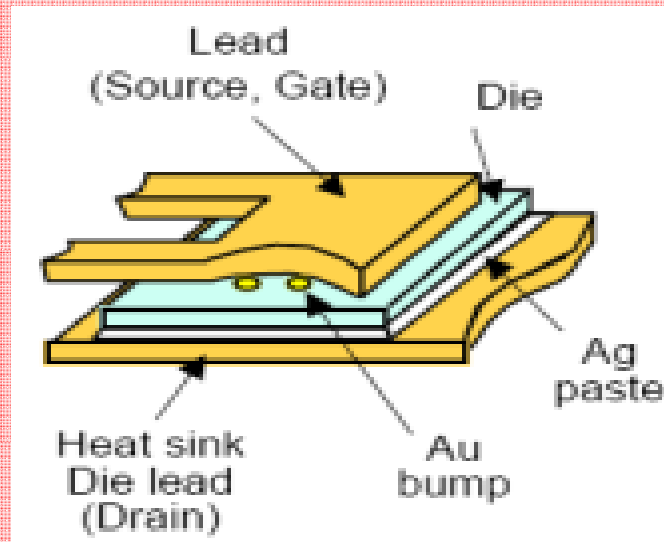
Frequency

100kHz

1MHz

Packaging Inductances

-- LF Pak



$L_s \approx 1\text{nH}$

$L_d \approx 3\text{nH}$



LFPK



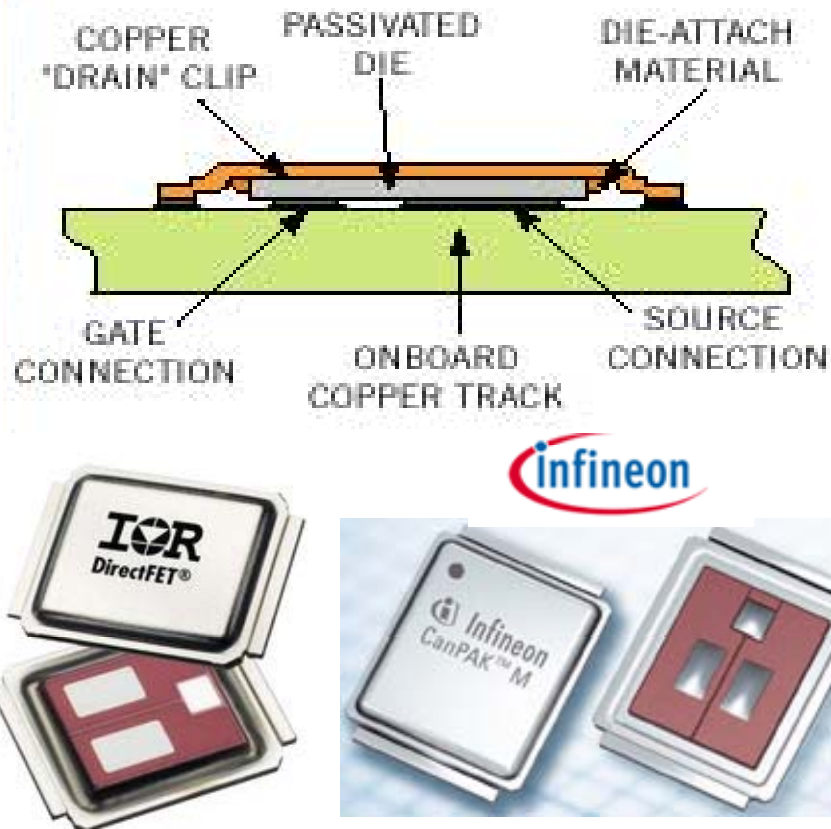
SuperSO8



PowerPAK

Advanced Packaging Techniques

IR DirectFET & Infineon CanPAK



$L_s = 0.1 \text{ nH}$

PolarPak from Vishay, ST

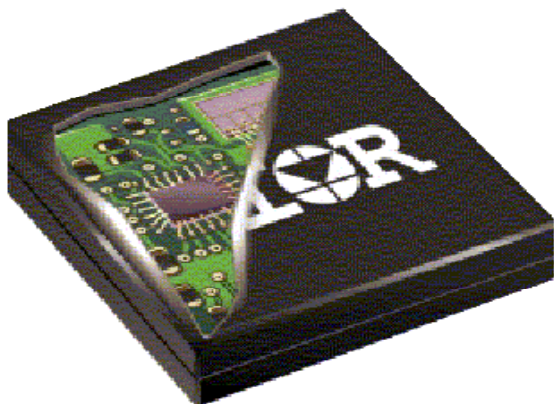


Vishay, ST

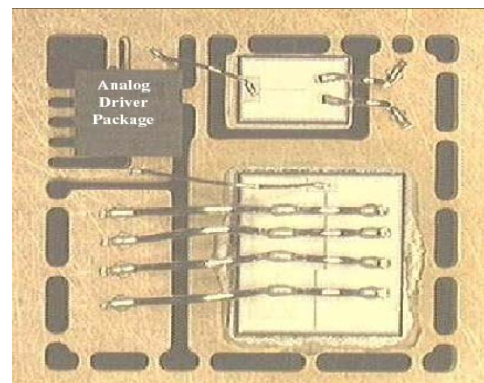
$L_s = 0.1 \text{ nH}$

Integration by Co-Packaging

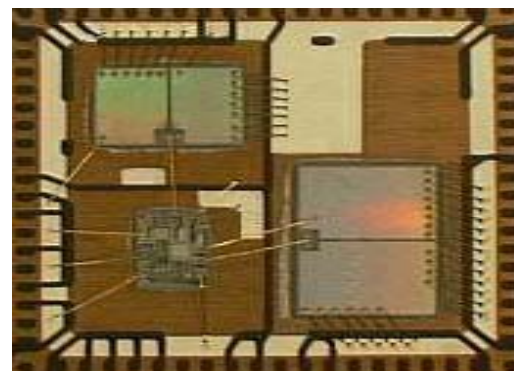
-- Dr.MOS



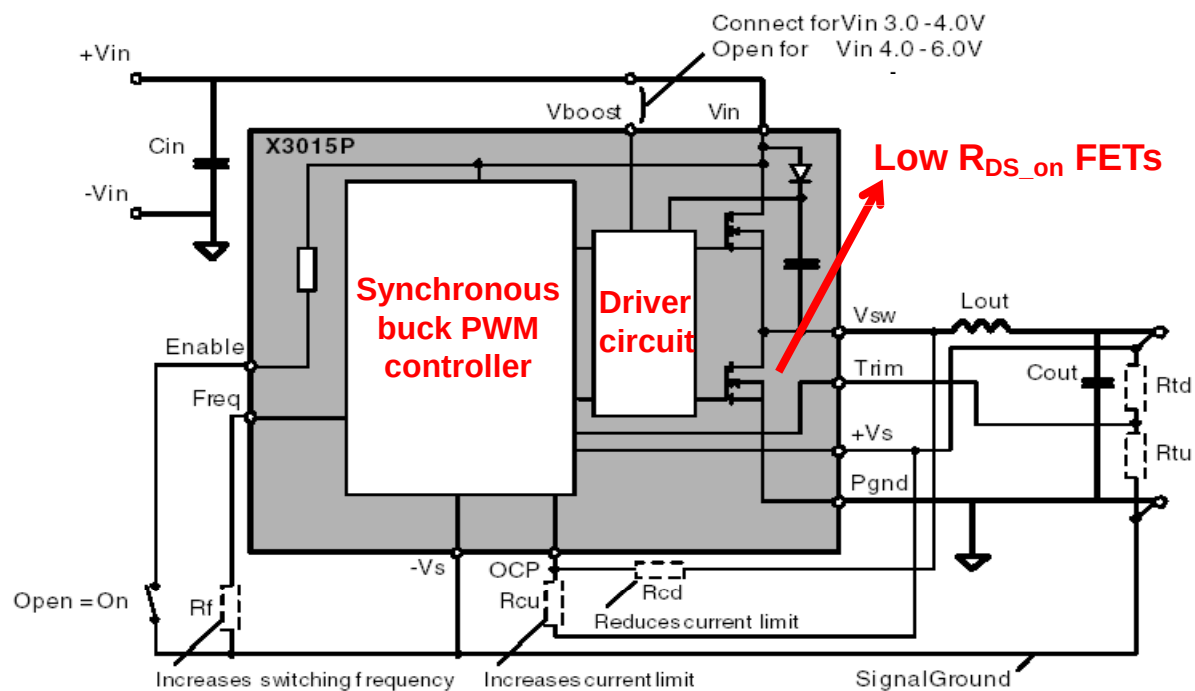
Power One



On Semi



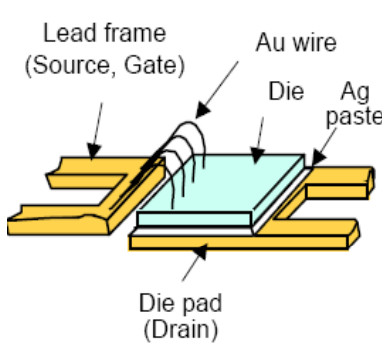
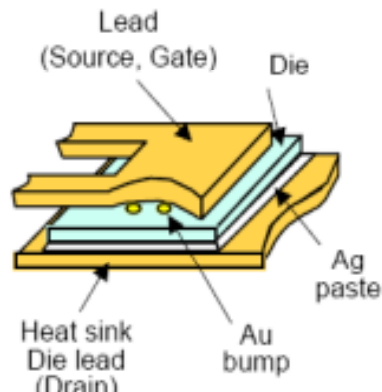
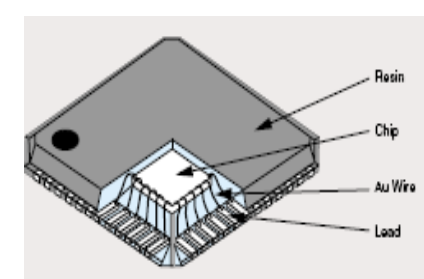
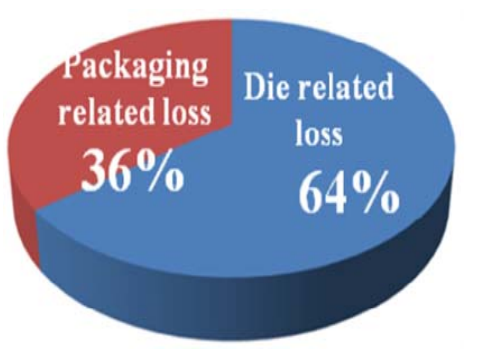
Philips



Packaging Inductances

(from Renesas with same Silicon Die)



SO8	LFPAK	Dr.MOS
		
Ls=1.5nH Ld=3nH	Ls=1nH Ld=3nH	Ls=0.1nH Ld=2.5nH
		

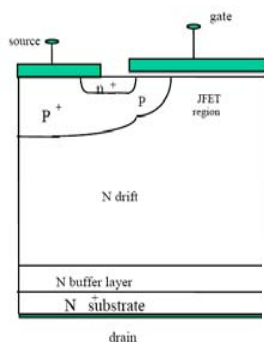
Device Technology for Different POL

-- Lateral MOSFET & Lateral-Trench MOSFET

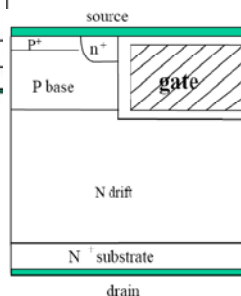
Current

40A

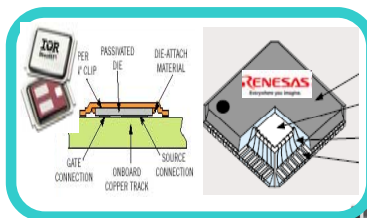
20A



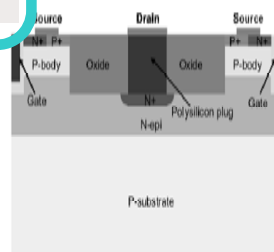
Discrete VDMOS



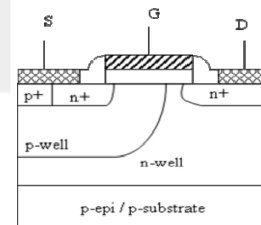
Discrete Trench MOSFET



Discrete Trench MOSFET with advanced packaging



Discrete Lateral-Trench MOSFET



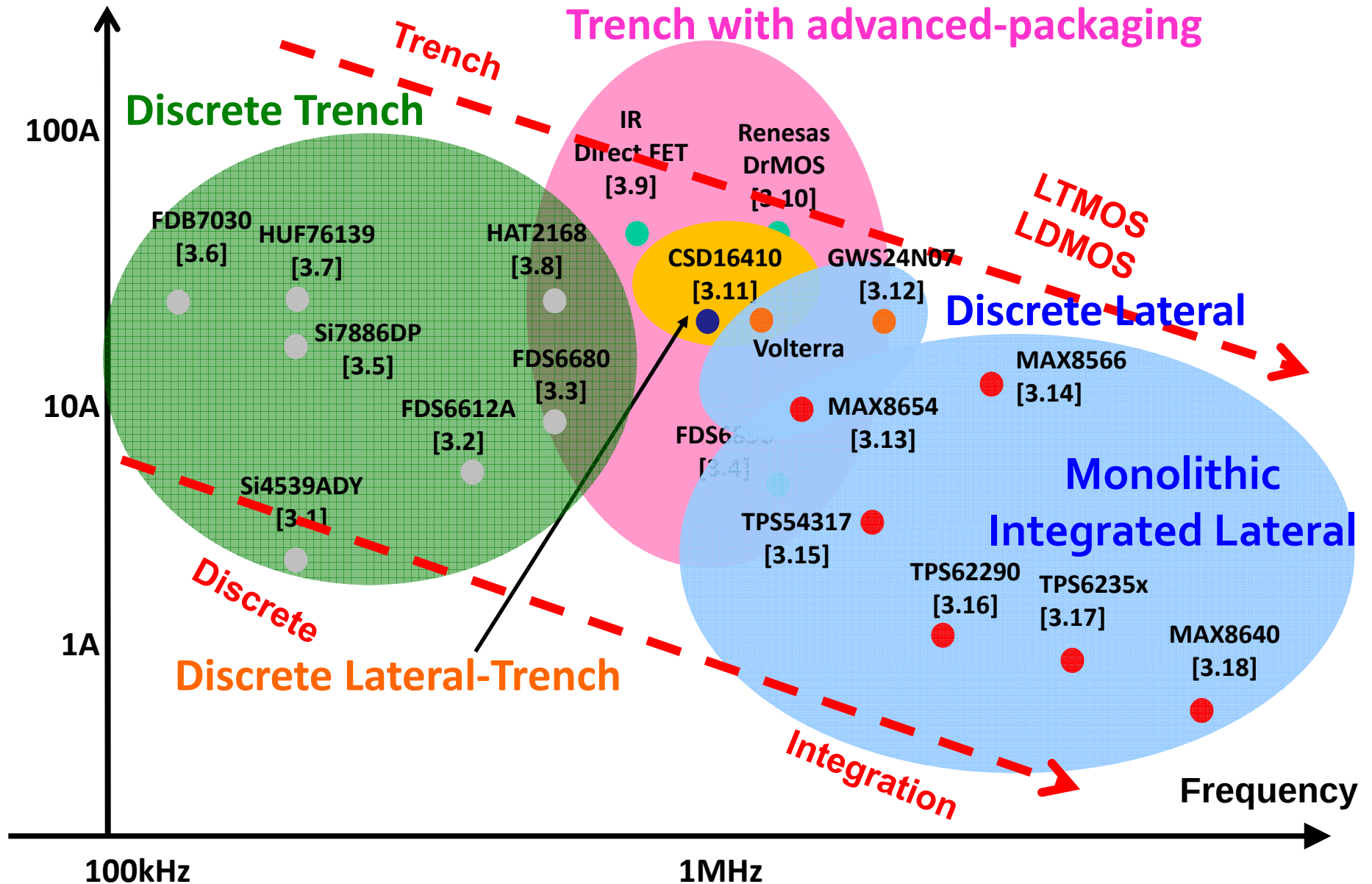
Integrated Lateral MOSFET

Frequency

100kHz

1MHz

Survey on Device Technology Trend



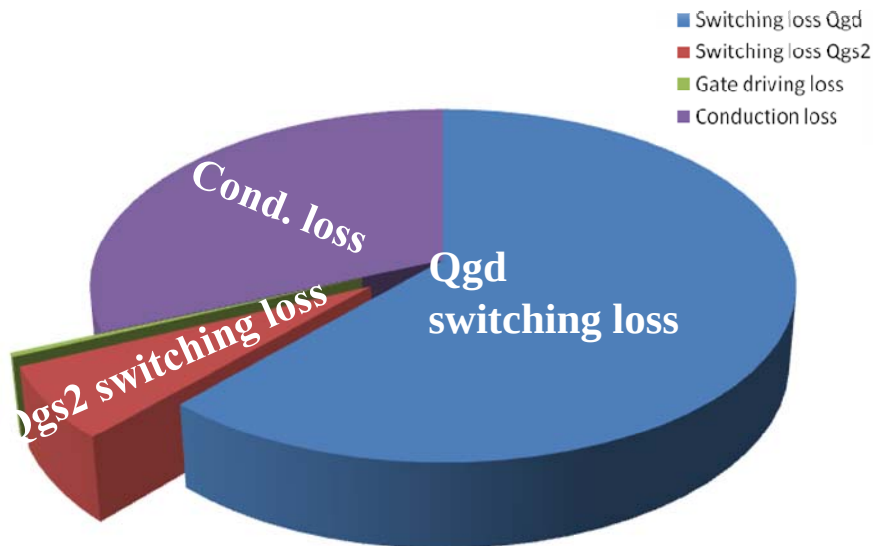
* Data points are referred to "Reference III"

New Device FOM for Low Voltage Application

High Voltage

IRFP460A for boost converter

400V, 10.3A, 100kHz peak $Q_{gs2}=2.9\text{nC}$
 $Q_{gd}=29\text{nC}$

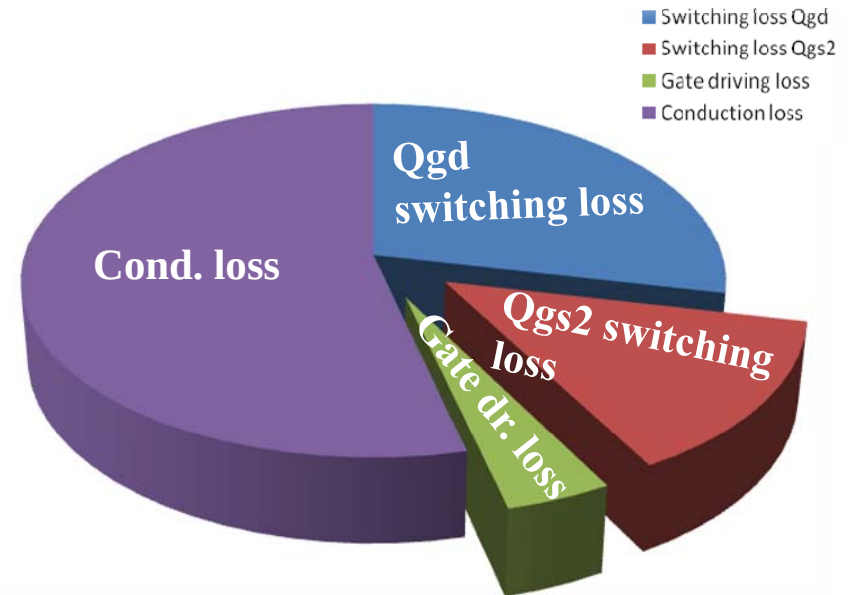


$$FOM = Q_{gd} \cdot R_{ds_on}$$

Low Voltage

HAT2168 for VRM application

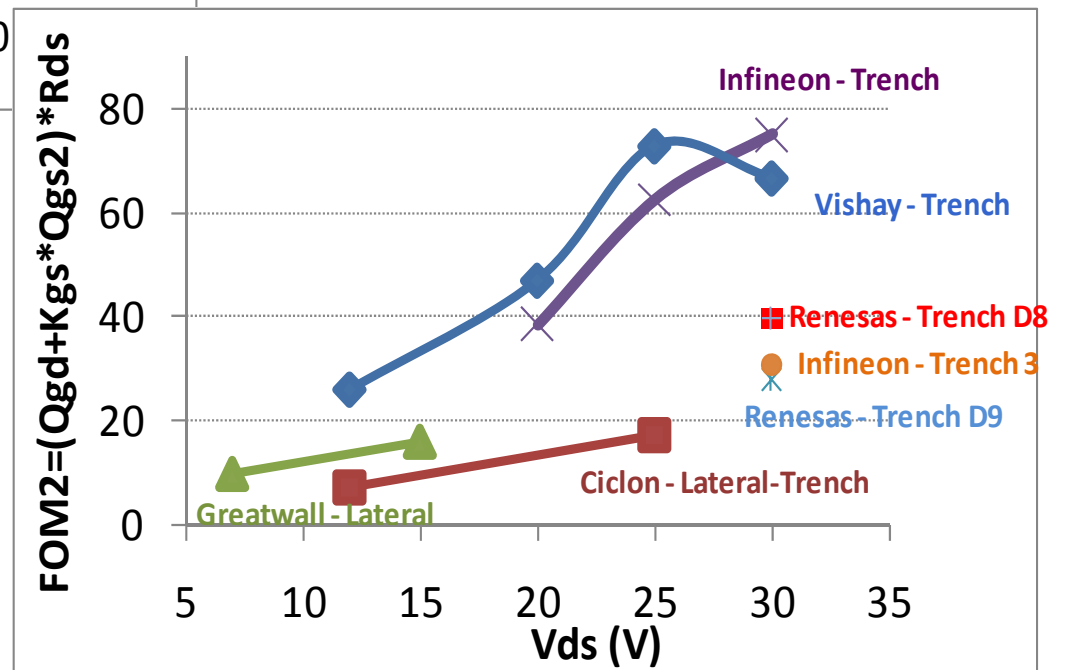
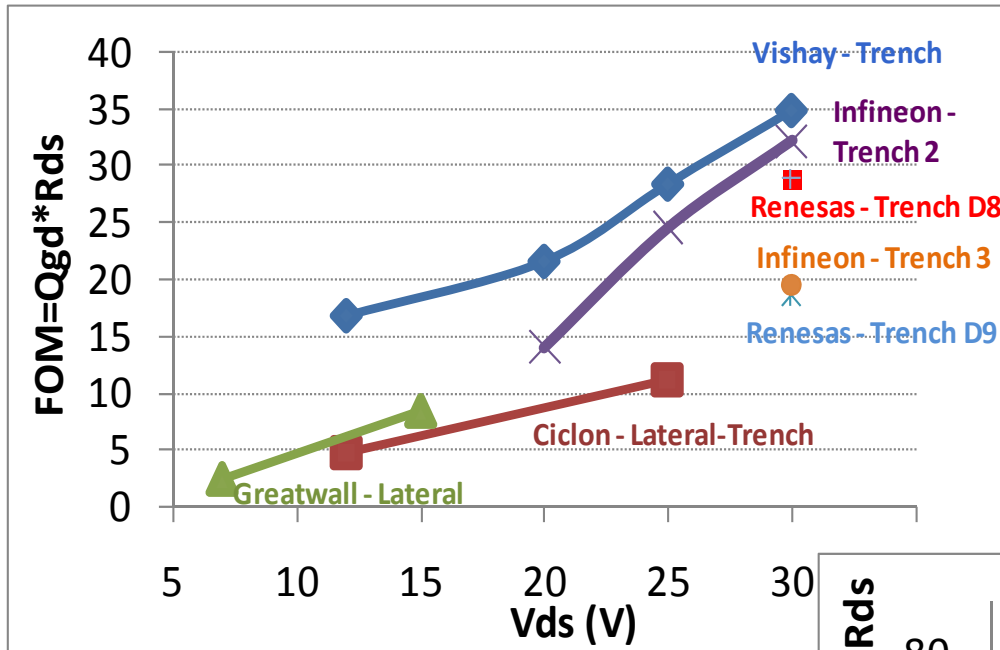
12V, 20A, 600kHz
 $Q_{gs2}=1\text{nC}$, $Q_{gd}=2.65\text{nC}$



$$FOM2 = (Q_{gd} + K_{gs2} \cdot Q_{gs2}) \cdot R_{ds_on}$$

Where K_{gs2} is a function of gate drive voltage: $K_{gs2}(V_{DR}) = 1 + \frac{V_{DR}}{V_{plt} - V_{th}} \cdot \frac{2V_{plt}(V_{DR} - V_{plt})}{V_{in} \cdot I_o \cdot R_g}$

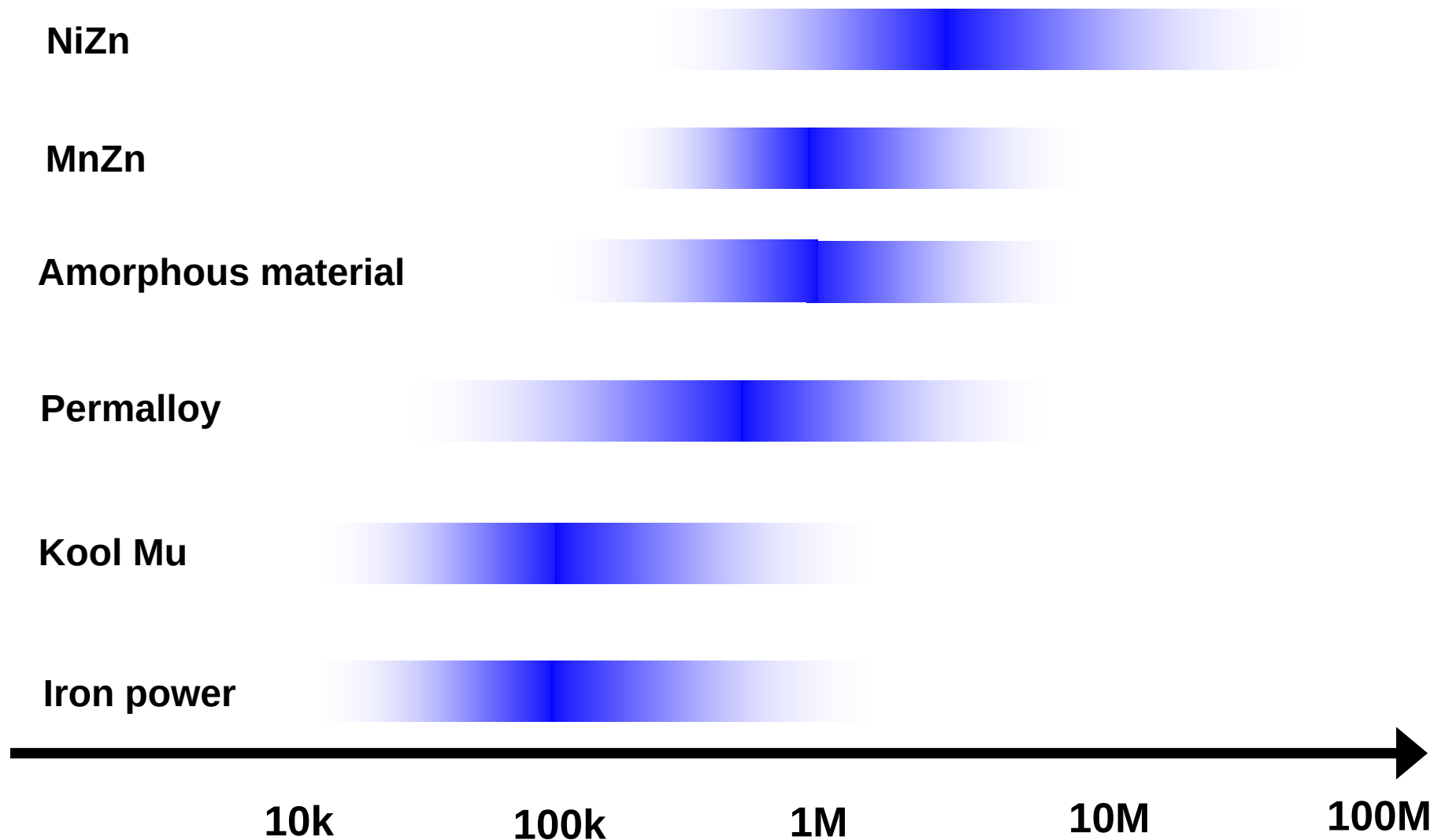
FOM for Low Voltage Devices



Presentation Outline

- ❖ Device Technologies
- ❖ **Magnetic Materials**
- ❖ Level of Integration
- ❖ Integration Example

Frequency Range of Conventional Materials



The frequency range for most conventional magnetic material is below 10MHz.

Frequency Range of Emerging materials

Granular film material (e.g. CoZrO)

(S. Ohnuma, T. Masumoto..., Research Institute for Electric and Magnetic Materials, Sendai, Japan)

(Weidong Li, R. Sullivan..., Dartmouth College)

Polymer bonded materials (e.g. Ferrite Polymer Compounds)

(K.W.E.Cheng',C .Y.Tang...,Hong Kong polytechnic Univ.)

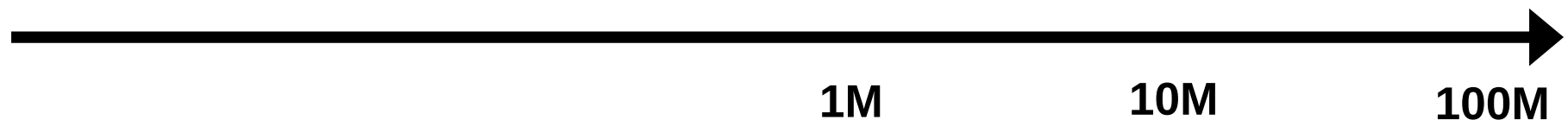
(Jae Y. Park, Mark G. Allen..., Georgia Institute of Technology.)

Composite magnetic material (Fe/SiO₂ composite)

(John Q. Xiao, University of Delaware, USA)

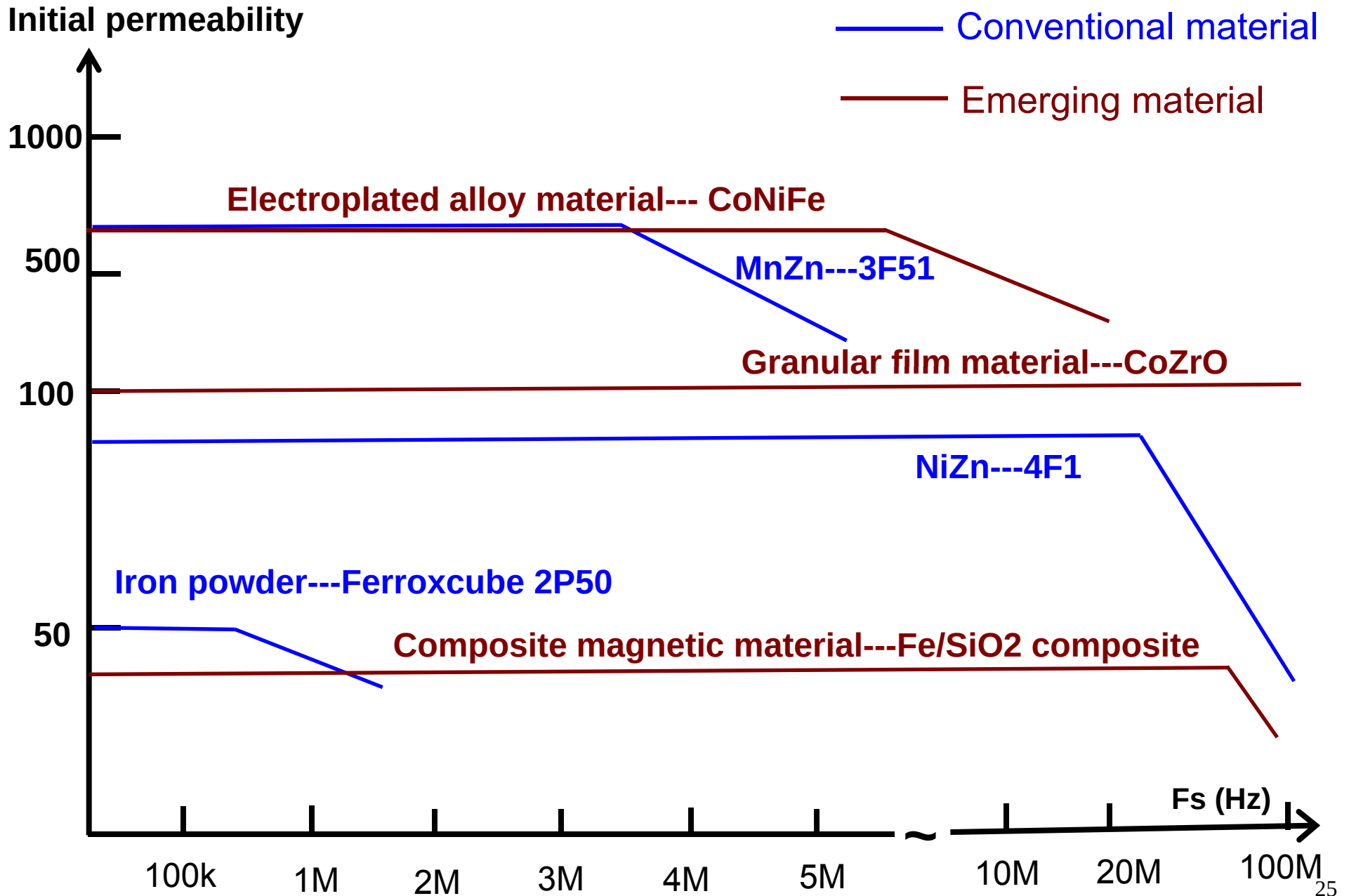
Electroplated alloy material (e.g. CoNiFe)

(S. Kelly, S. Roy..., National University of Ireland)

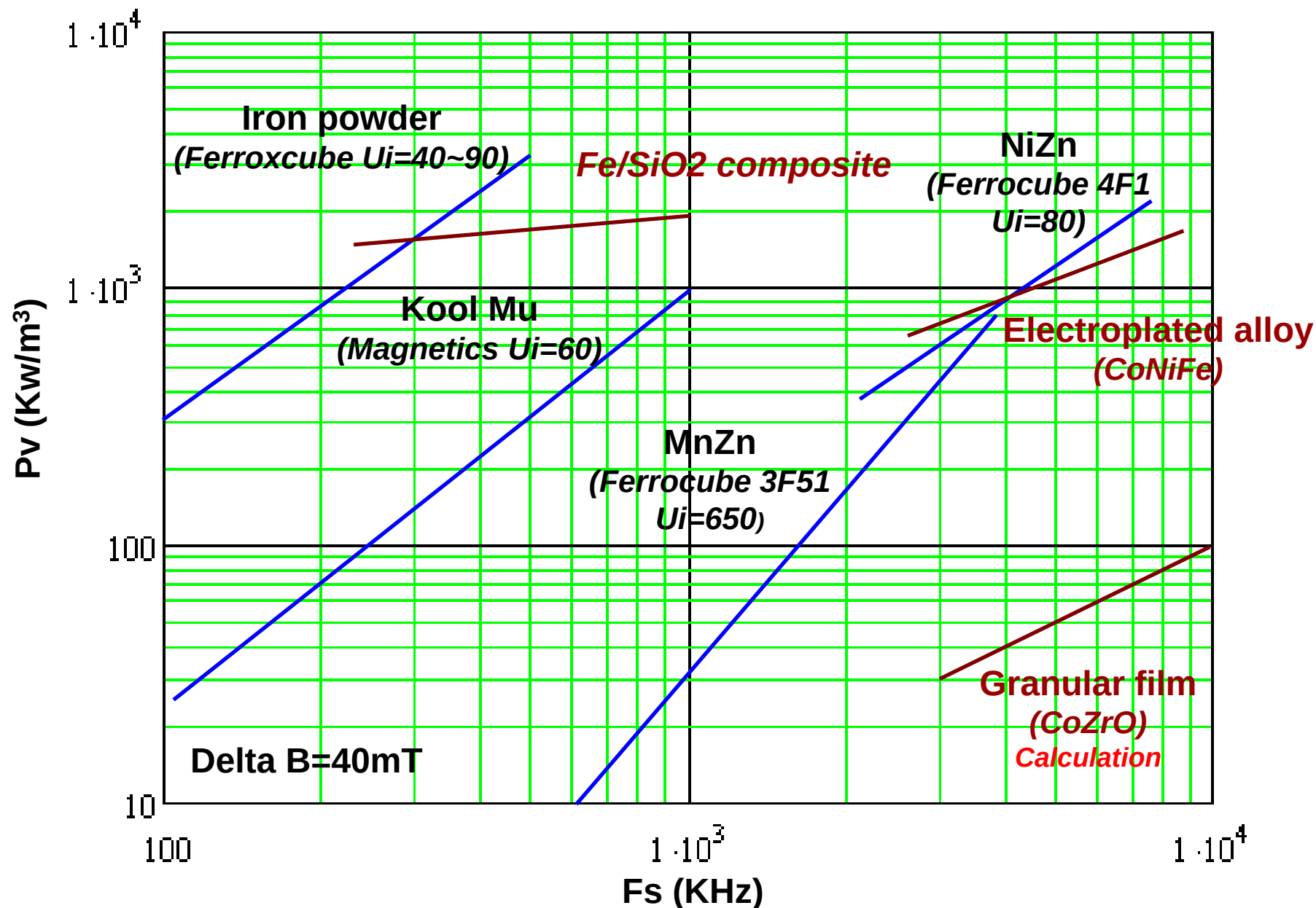


There are many ongoing research focus on developing the magnetic material suitable for more than 10MHz applications.

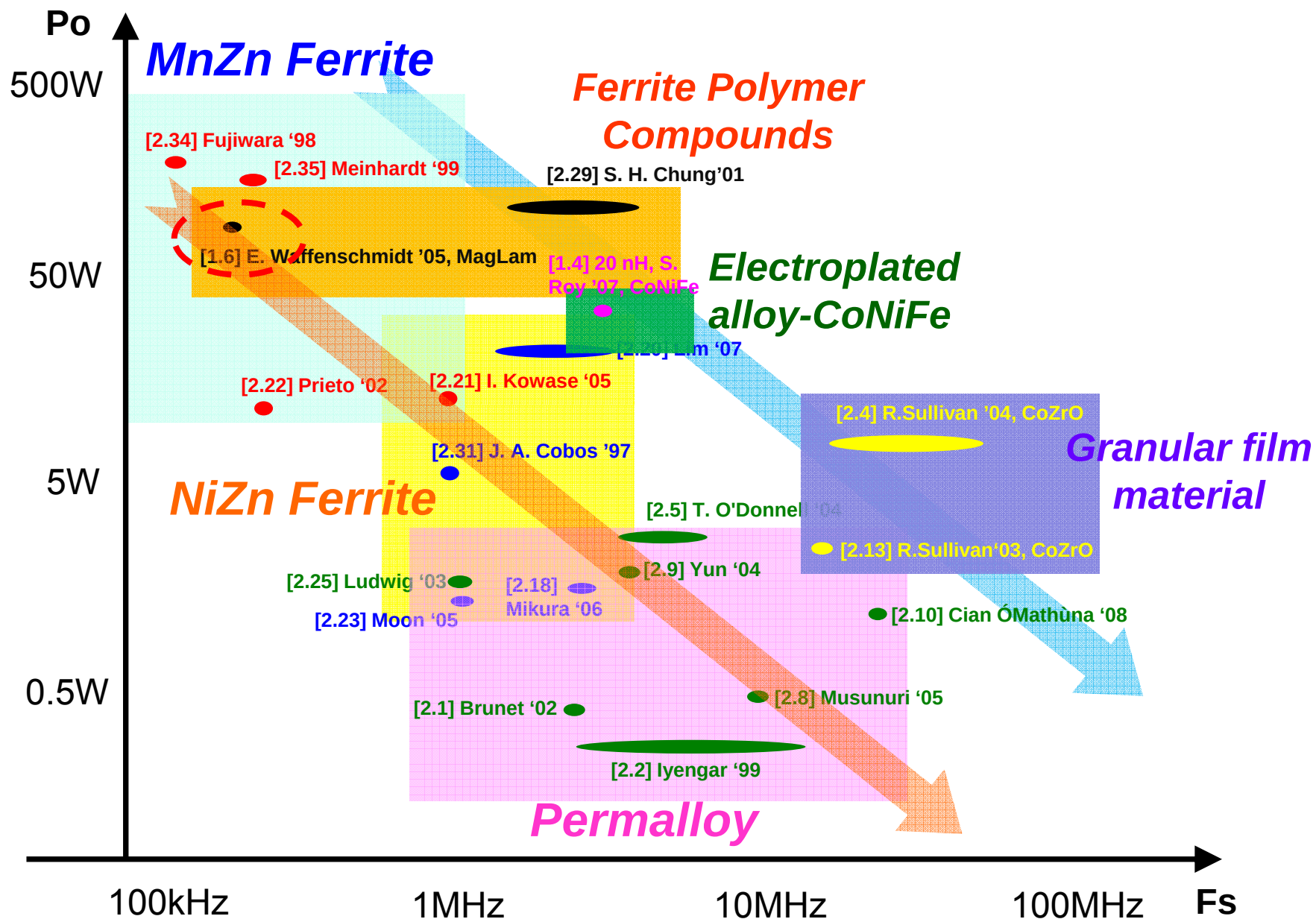
Frequency Dependence of Permeability for Different Materials



Core Loss Density of Different Magnetic Materials



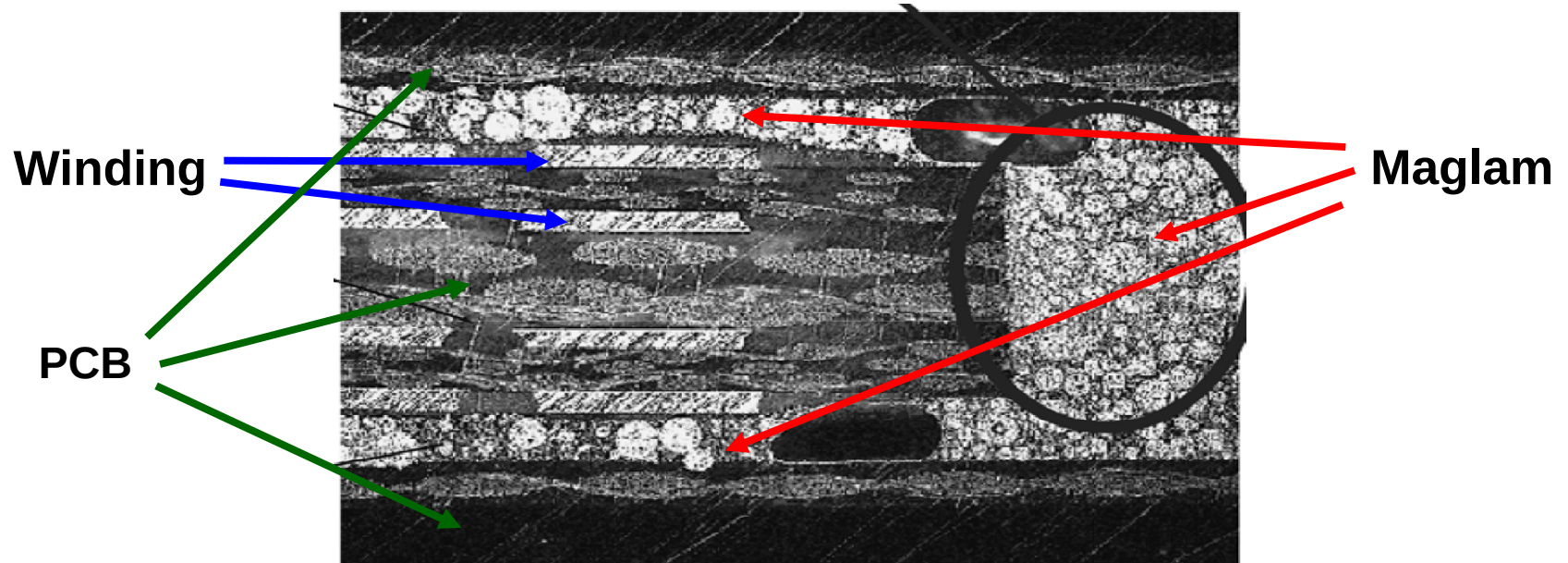
Integrated Magnetic Components with Different Materials



* Data points are referred to "Reference I" & "Reference II"

Ferrite Polymer Compounds (FPC)

-- Maglam [1.6]



Advantage of Maglam

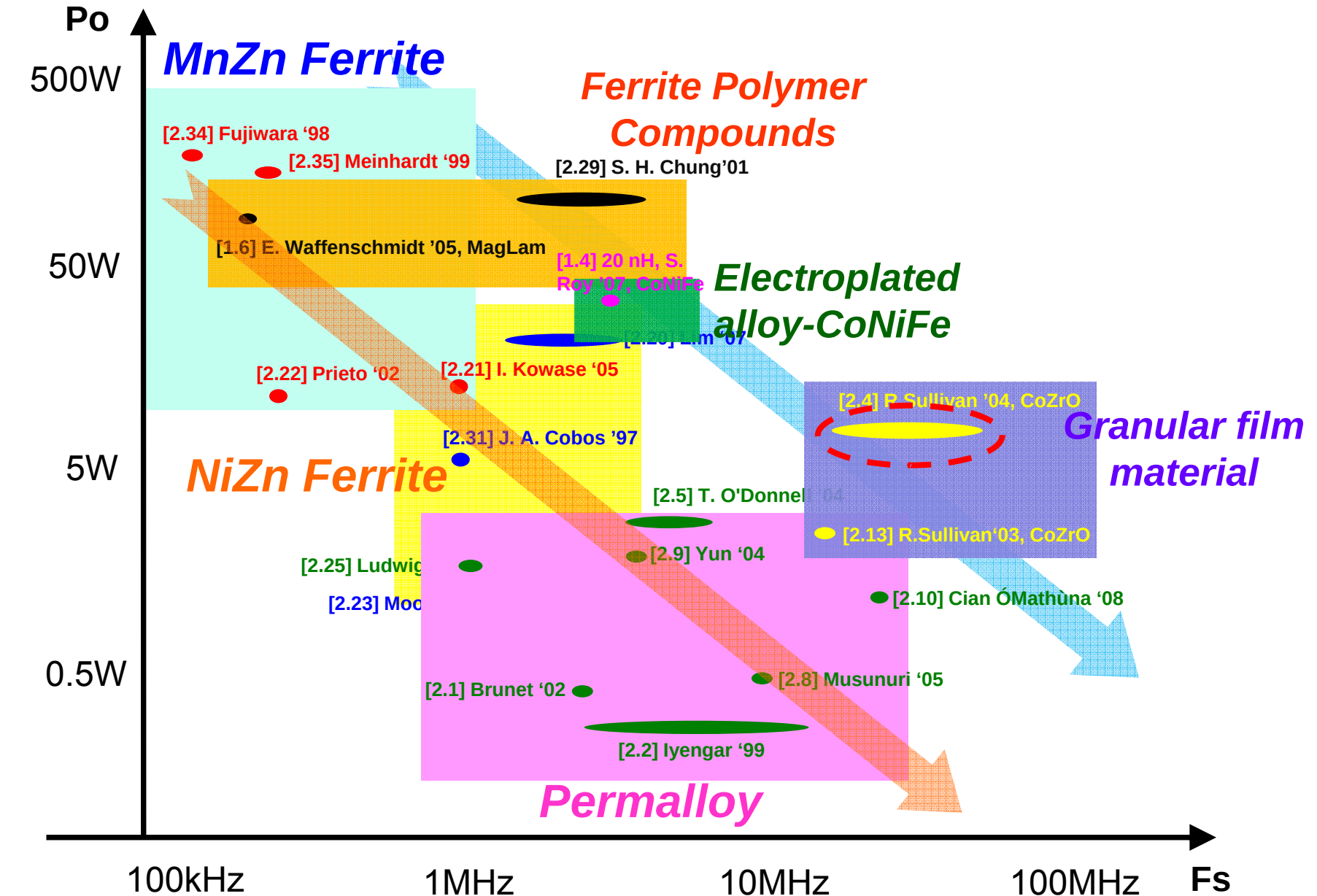
Specific resistance	49.5Gohm	→ Low eddy current loss
Lamination temperature	180oC	→ Compatible to PCB process

Disadvantage of Maglam

Permeability	17
Saturation flux density	300mT

* [1.6] Eberhard Waffenschmidt, ... IEEE TRANSACTIONS, 2005; Research in the Philips and Isola.

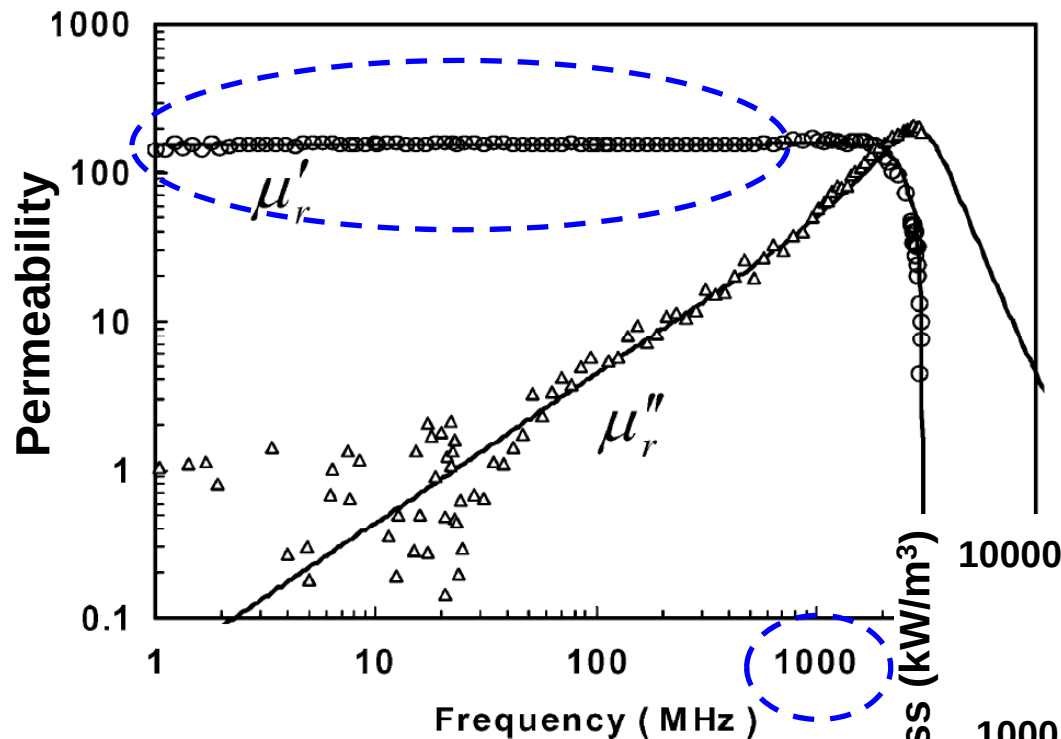
Integrated Magnetic Components with Different Materials



* Data points are referred to "Reference I" & "Reference II"

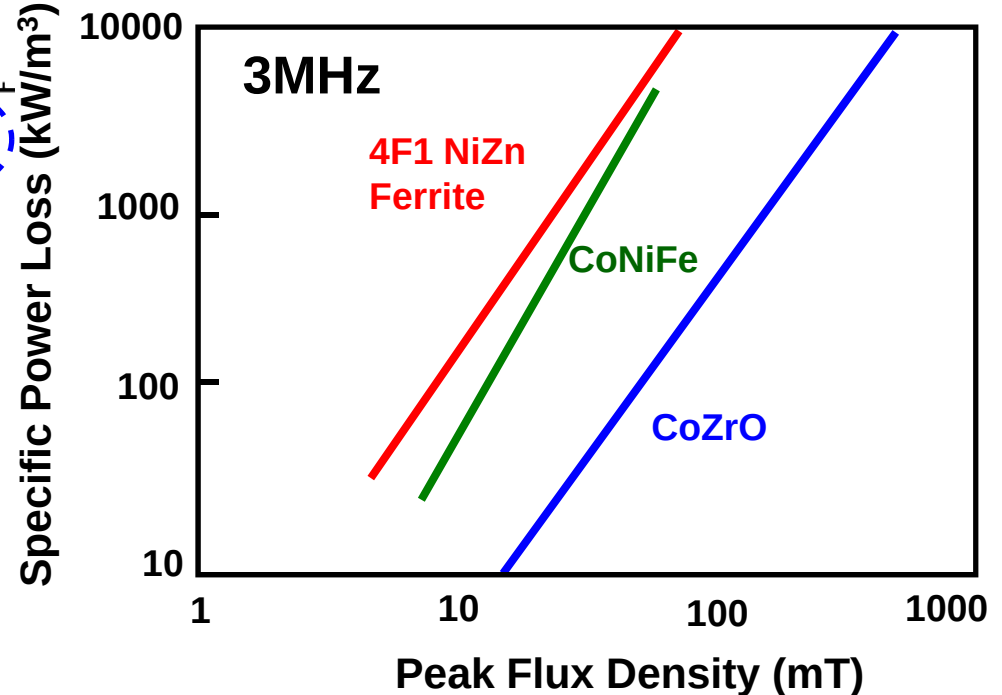
Granular film material

– CoZrO [2.4]



❖ The permeability of CoZrO spectrum is approximately flat up to 1GHz.

❖ The core loss density of CoZrO is smaller than that of Electroplated alloy CoNiFe and NiZn Ferrite 4F1.



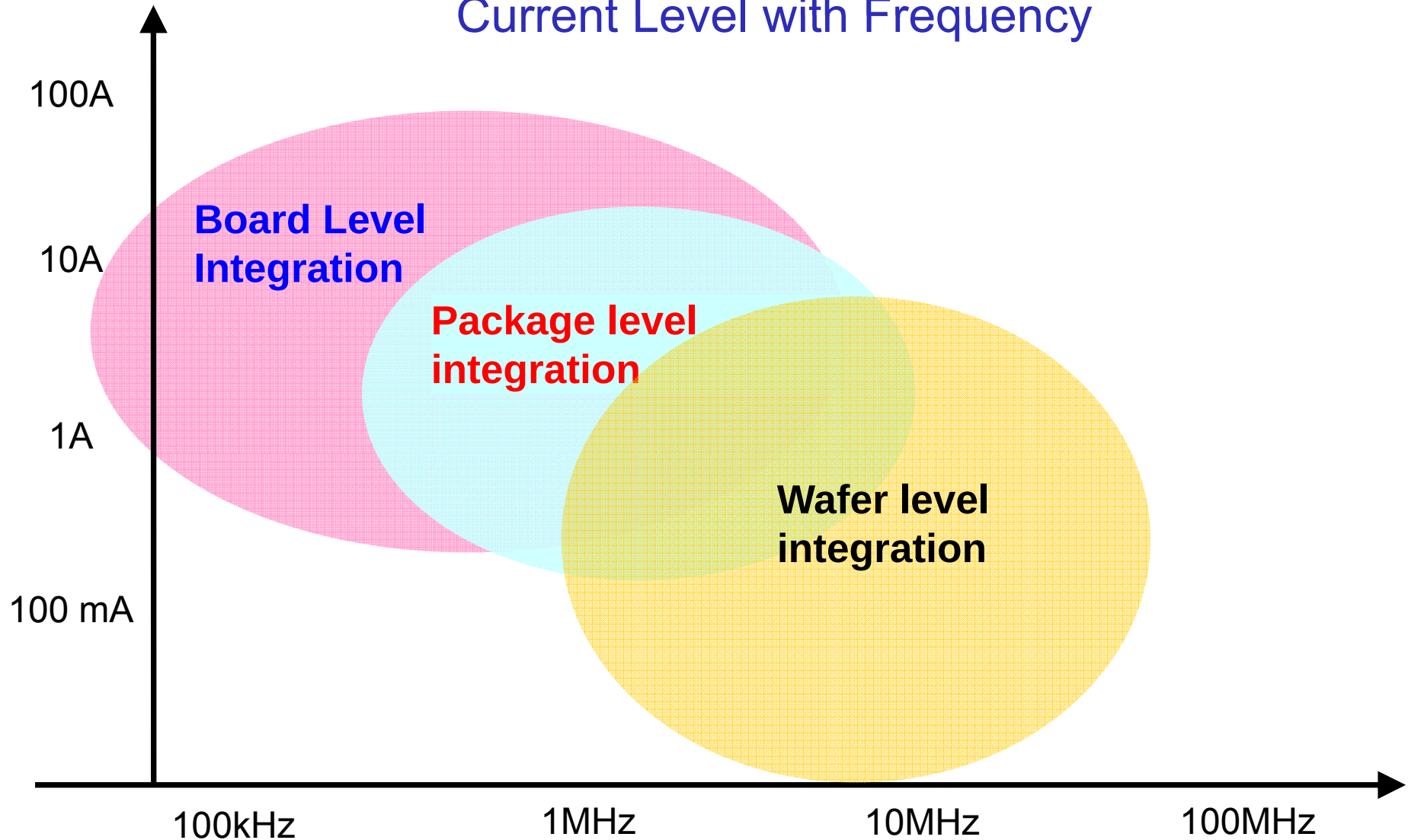
Presentation Outline

- ❖ Device Technologies
- ❖ Magnetic Materials
- ❖ Level of Integration**
- ❖ Integration Example

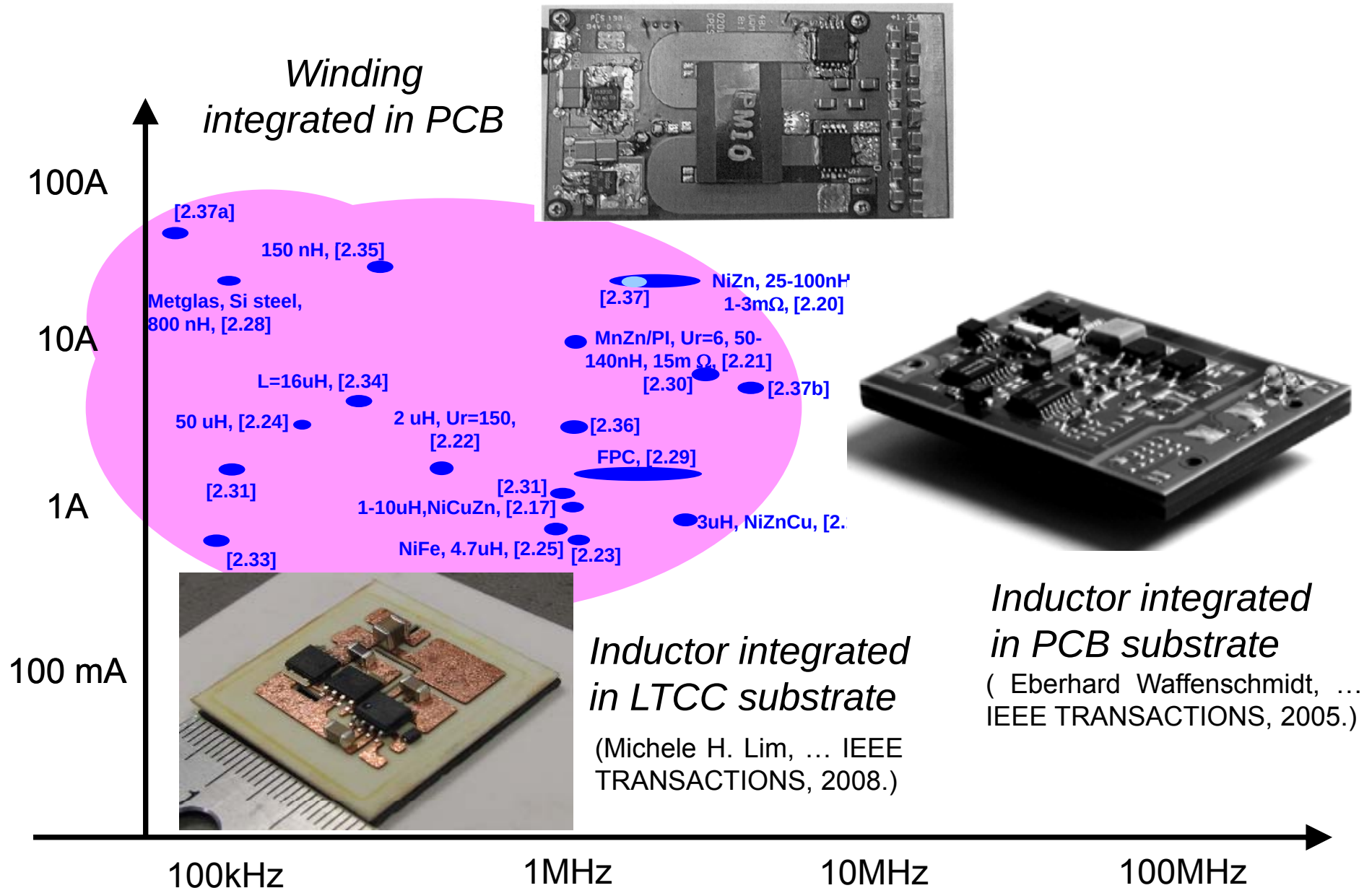
Level of Integration

Inductor Integration

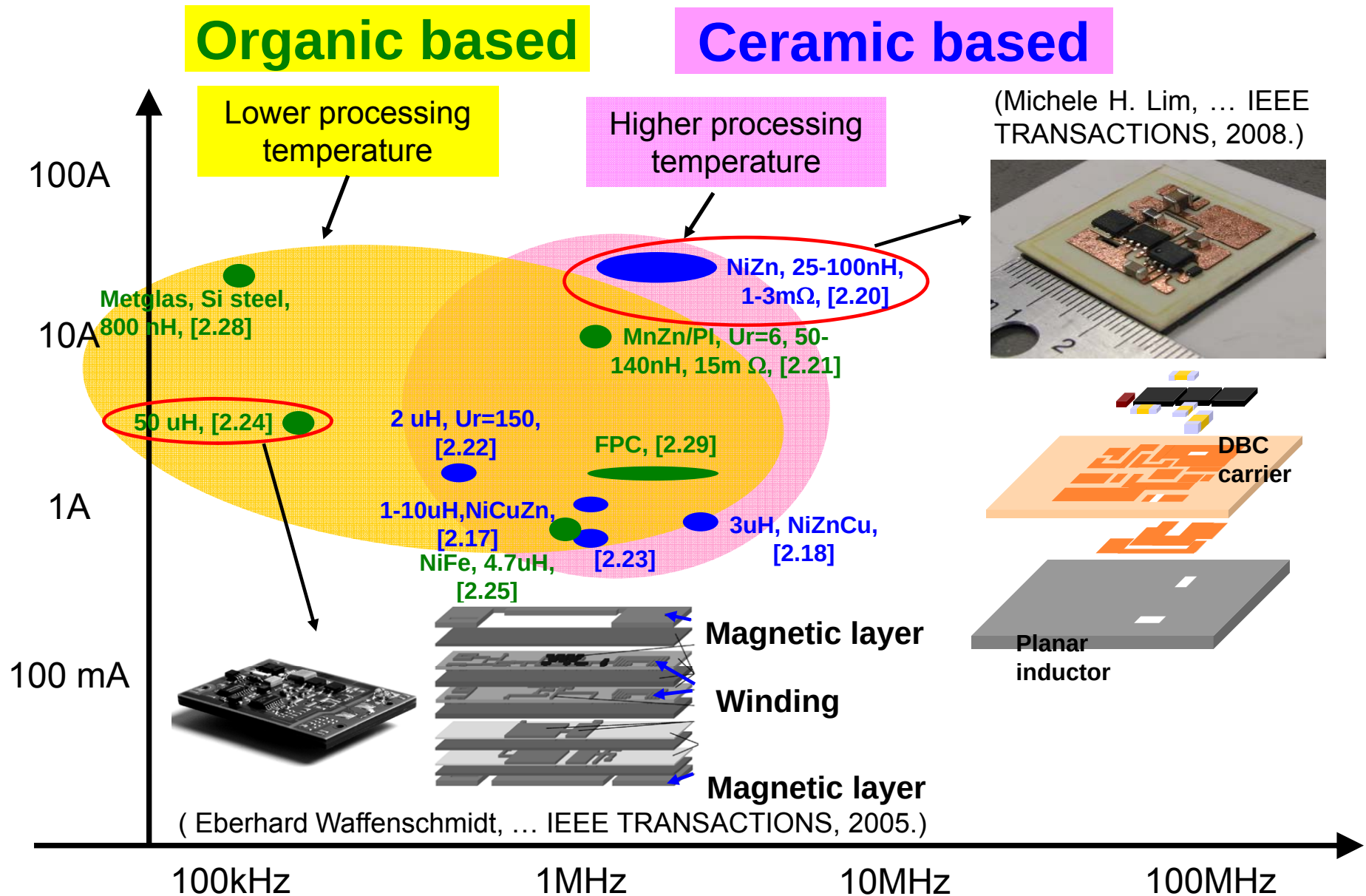
Current Level with Frequency



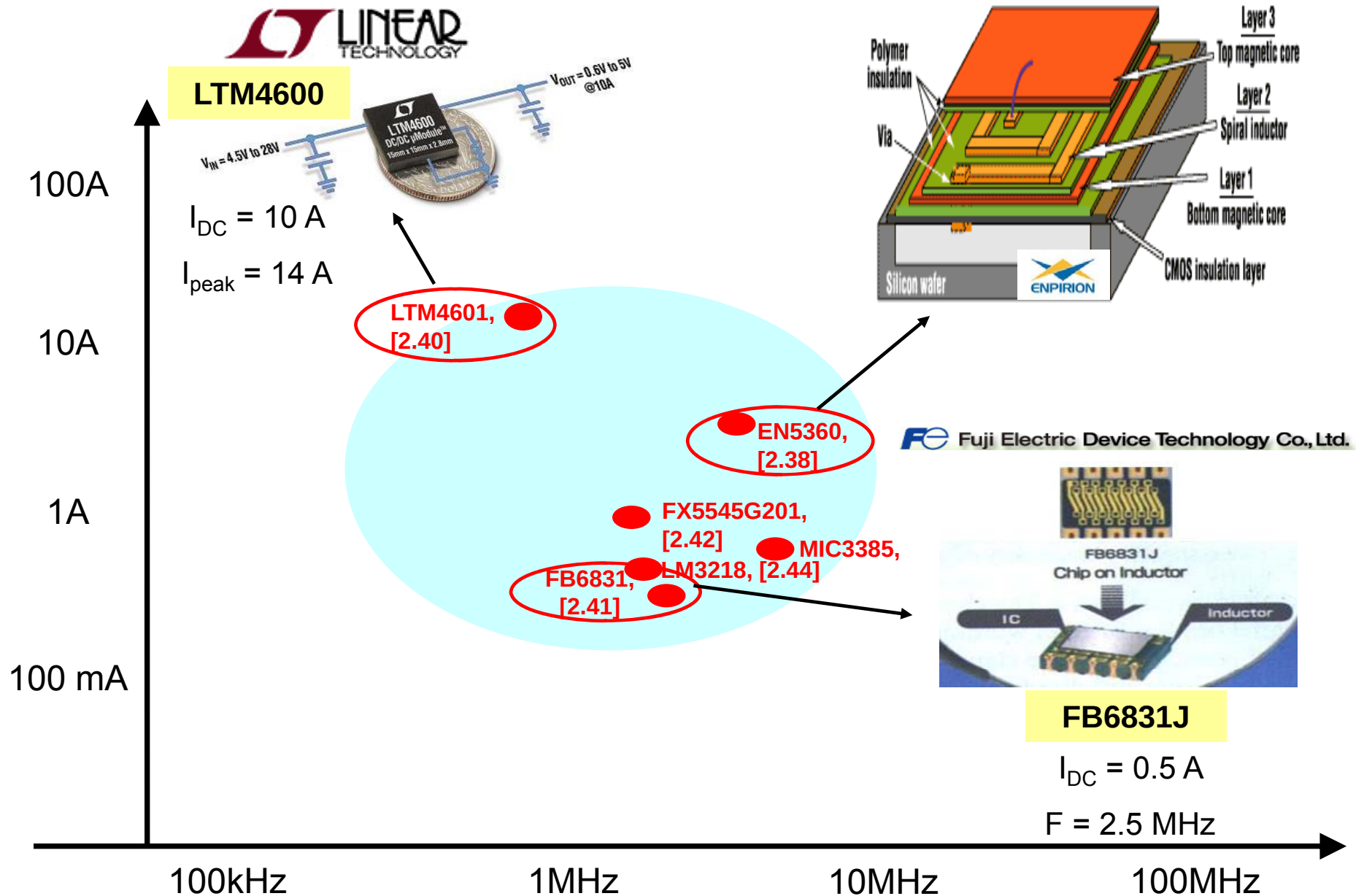
Board Level Integration



Board Level Integration



Package Level Integration



* Data points are referred to "Reference II"

Wafer Level Integration -- On silicon

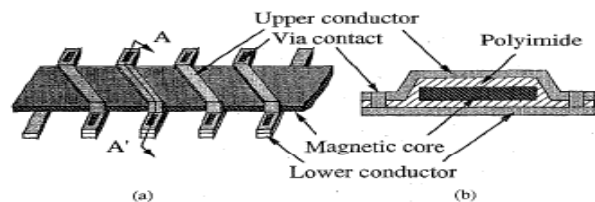
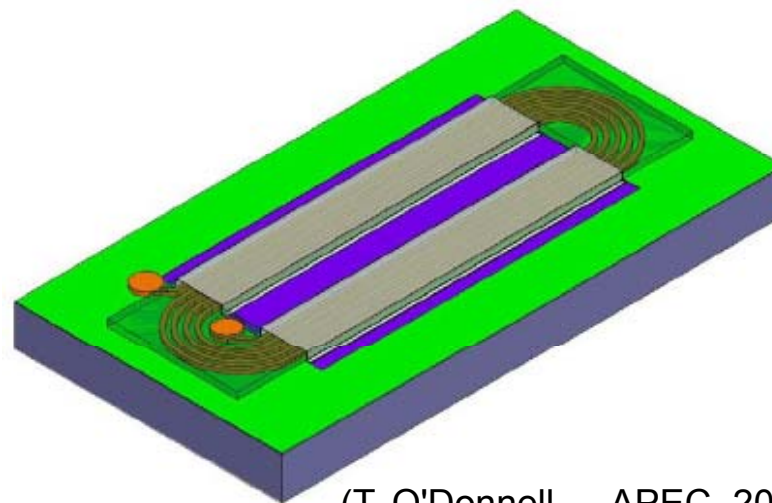
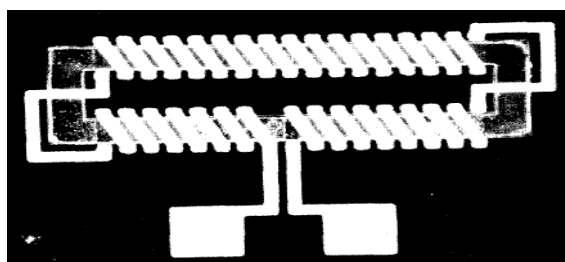


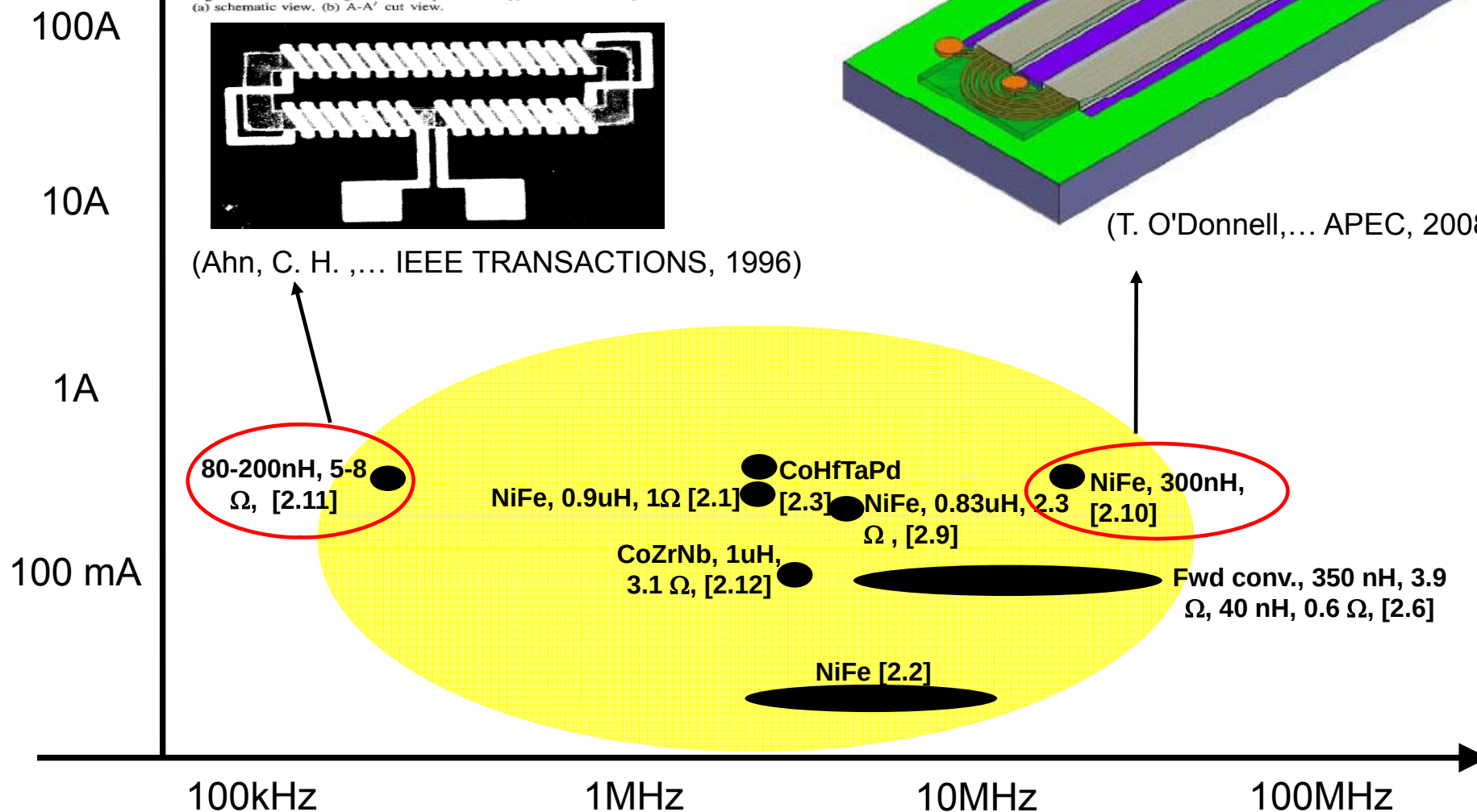
Fig. 1. Schematic diagram of the planar bar-type inductive component: (a) schematic view, (b) A-A' cut view.



(T. O'Donnell, ... APEC, 2008)



(Ahn, C. H. , ... IEEE TRANSACTIONS, 1996)



* Data points are referred to "Reference II"

Wafer Level Integration -- In silicon

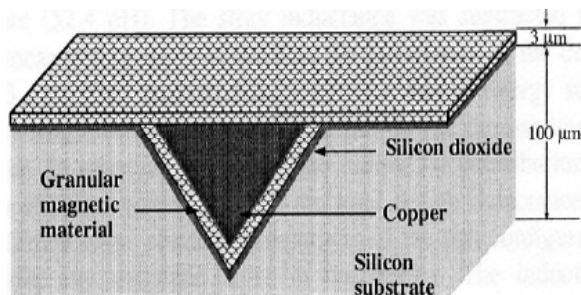
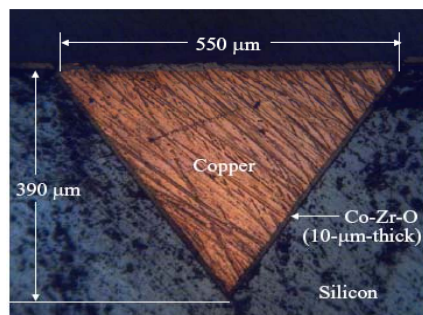
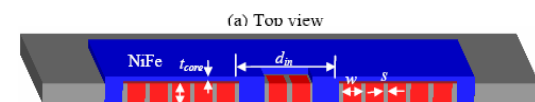
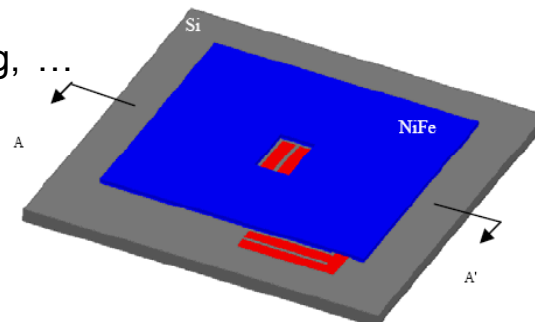


Fig. 1. Schematic of V-groove inductor (not to scale).



(C. R. Sullivan,... IEEE TRANSACTIONS, 2004)

(Mingliang Wang, ... PESC, 2007)



In-silicon

CoZrO, 10.4 nH, 30mΩ, [2.4]

NiFe, 130 nH, 20mΩ, [2.15]

CoZrO₂, 2.53 nH, 30mΩ, [2.13]

100A
10A
1A
100 mA

100kHz

1MHz

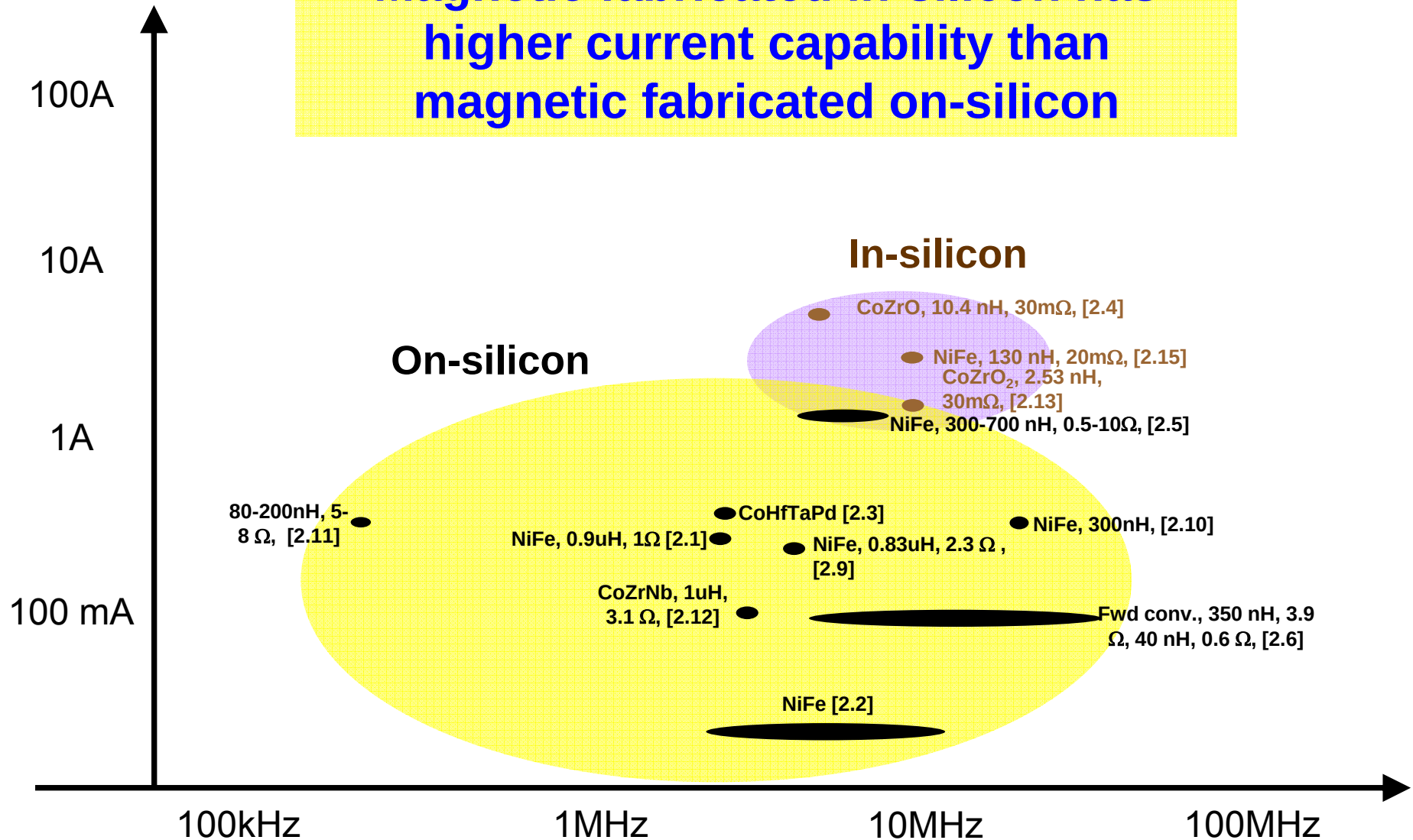
10MHz

100MHz

* Data points are referred to "Reference II"

Current Capability of Different Wafer Level Integration

Magnetic fabricated in-silicon has higher current capability than magnetic fabricated on-silicon



* Data points are referred to "Reference II"

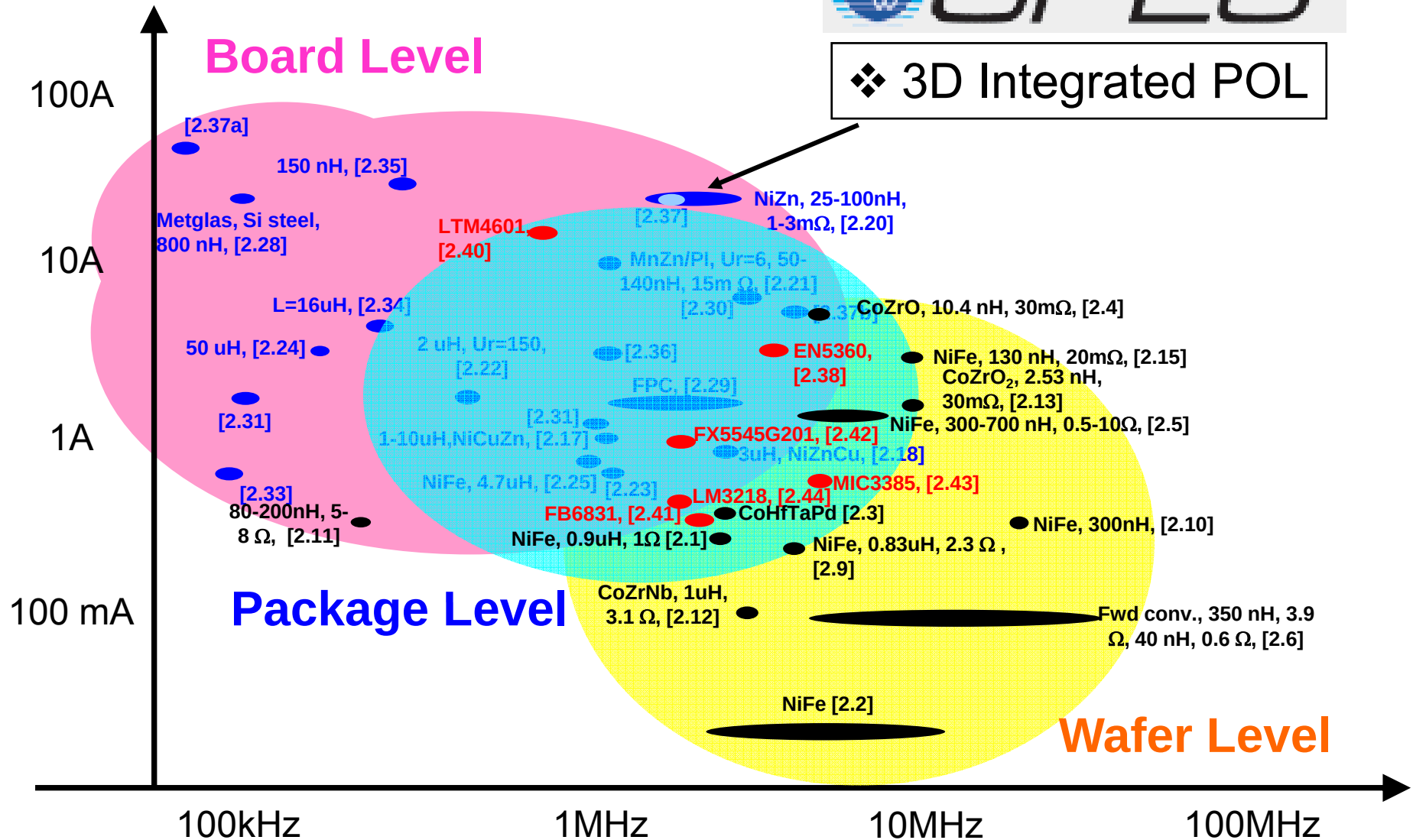
Presentation Outline

- ❖ Device Technologies
- ❖ Magnetic Materials
- ❖ Level of Integration
- ❖ **Integration Example**

3D Integrated POL

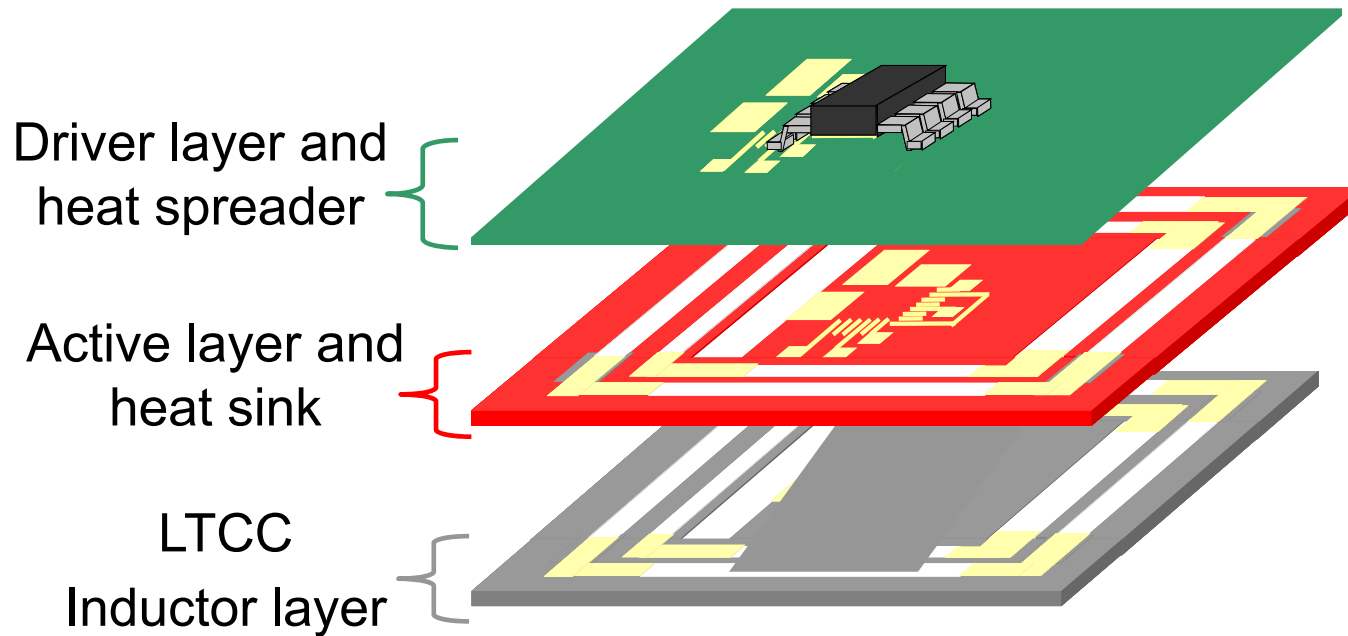


❖ 3D Integrated POL



* Data points are referred to "Reference II"

Concept of 3D Integration



3D Integration Solution

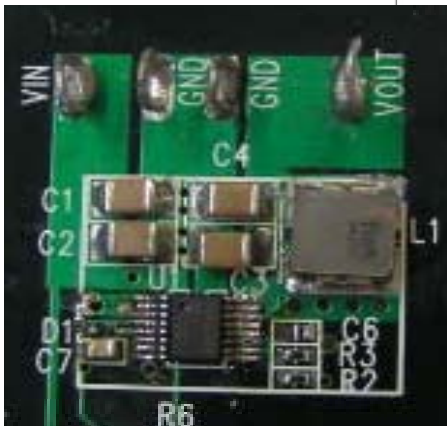
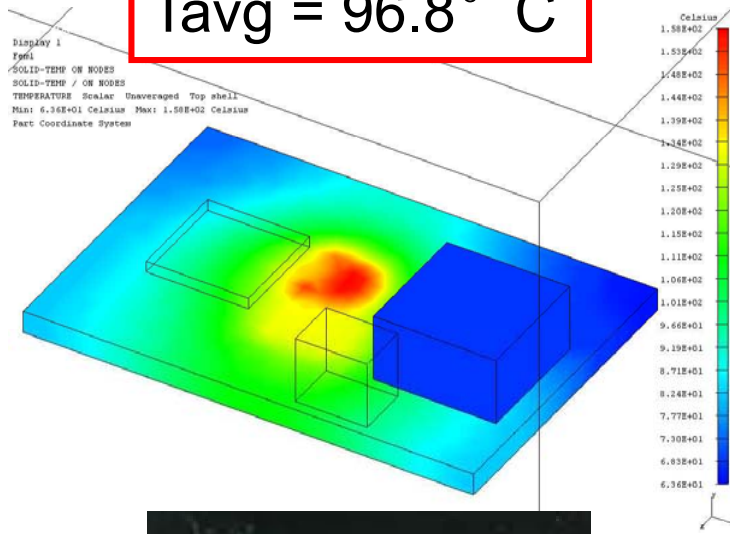
Benefits: Footprint saving and fully utilize space

- ❖ Thermally-enhanced co-packaged solution for $>15A$ applications that require small size and low profile

Advantage of DBC Active Layer

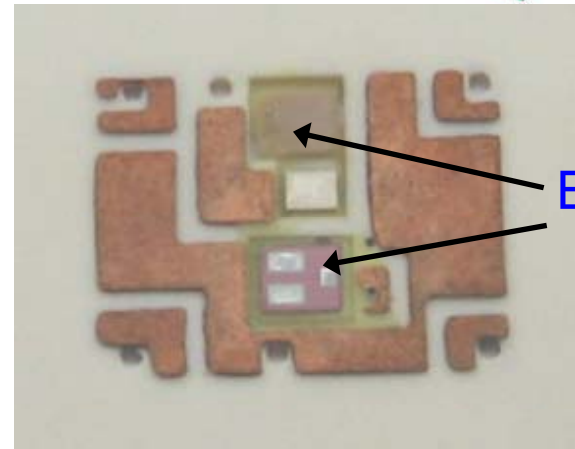
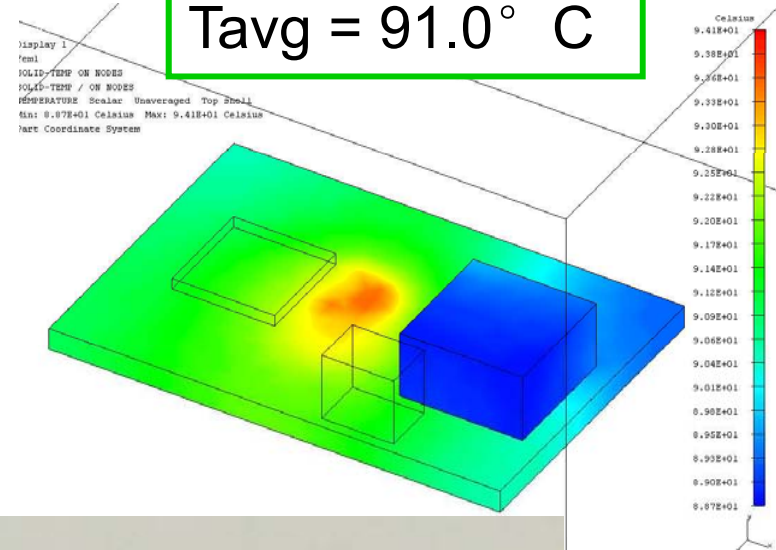
PCB

$T_{max} = 158^{\circ} \text{ C}$
 $T_{avg} = 96.8^{\circ} \text{ C}$



AlN DBC

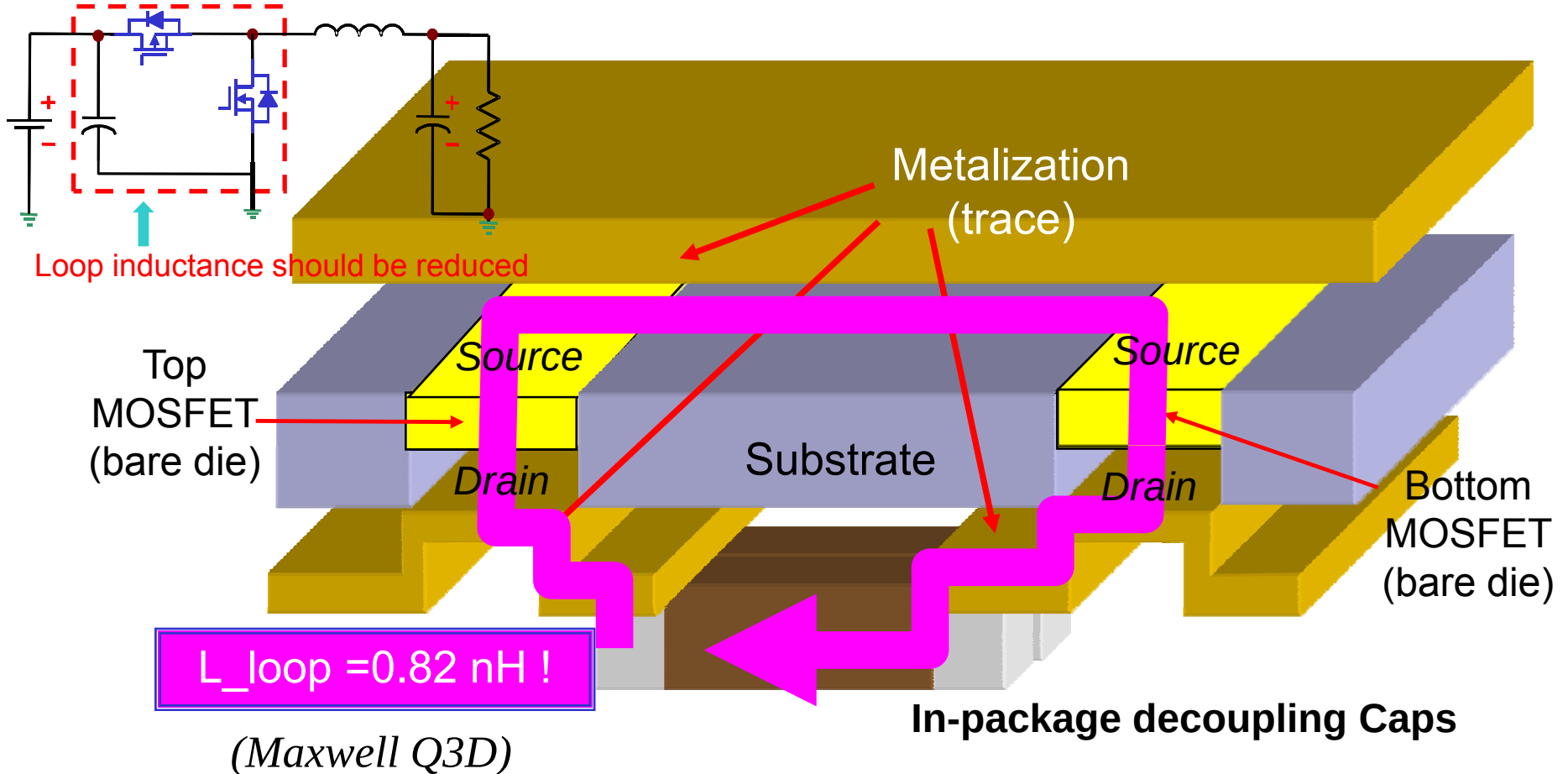
$T_{max} = 94.1^{\circ} \text{ C}$
 $T_{avg} = 91.0^{\circ} \text{ C}$



Embedded
bare die

❖ AlN DBC has ~6x greater thermal conductivity than 4-layer PCB

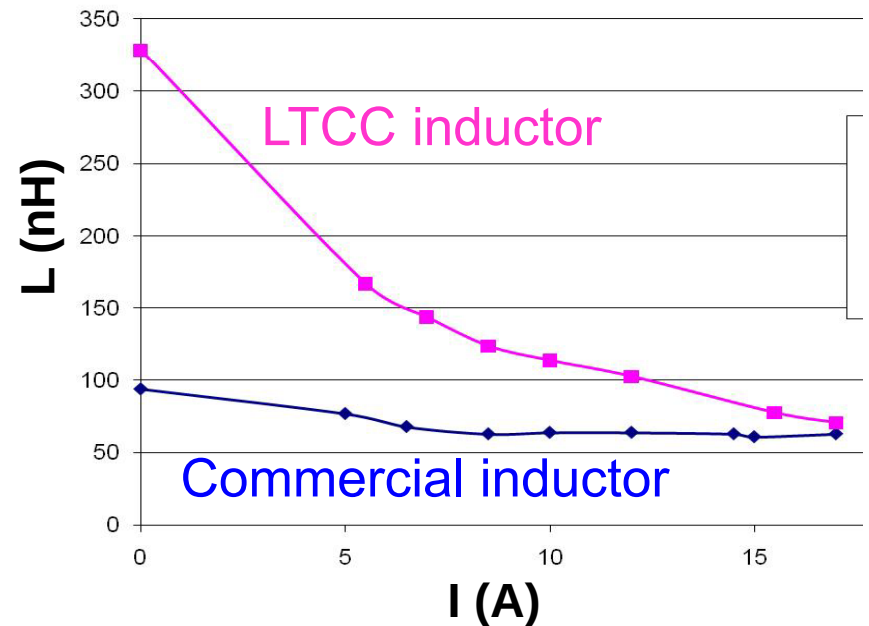
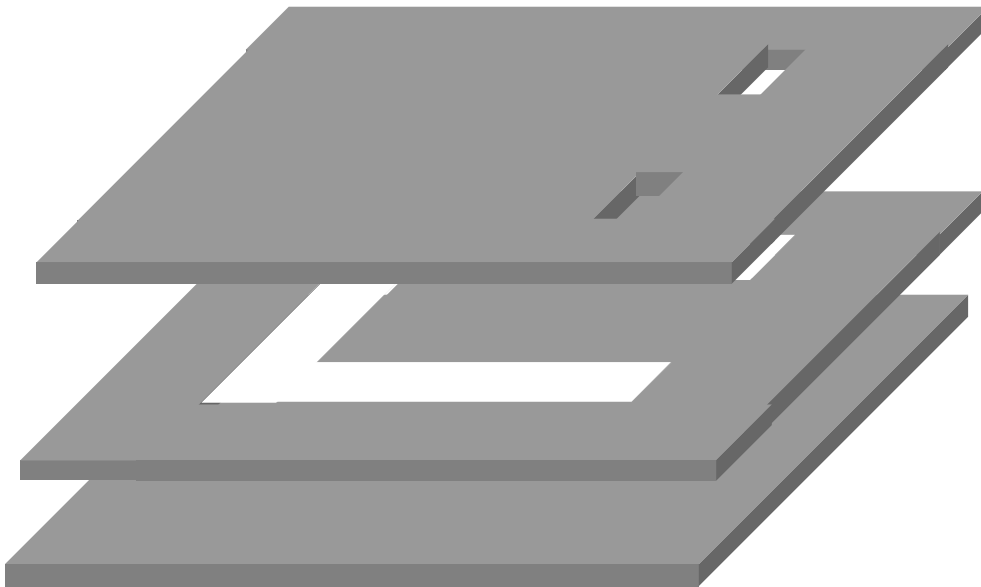
Active Layer Using “Flip-MOS Pair”



❖ Embedding the flipped devices allows for smallest loop inductance and for layering of components on top and bottom

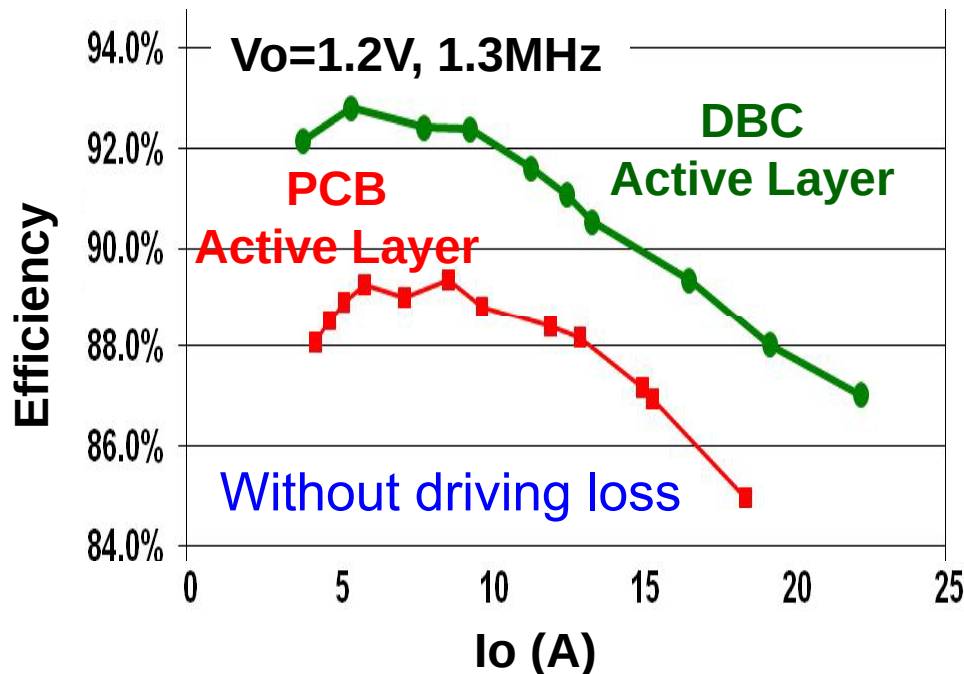
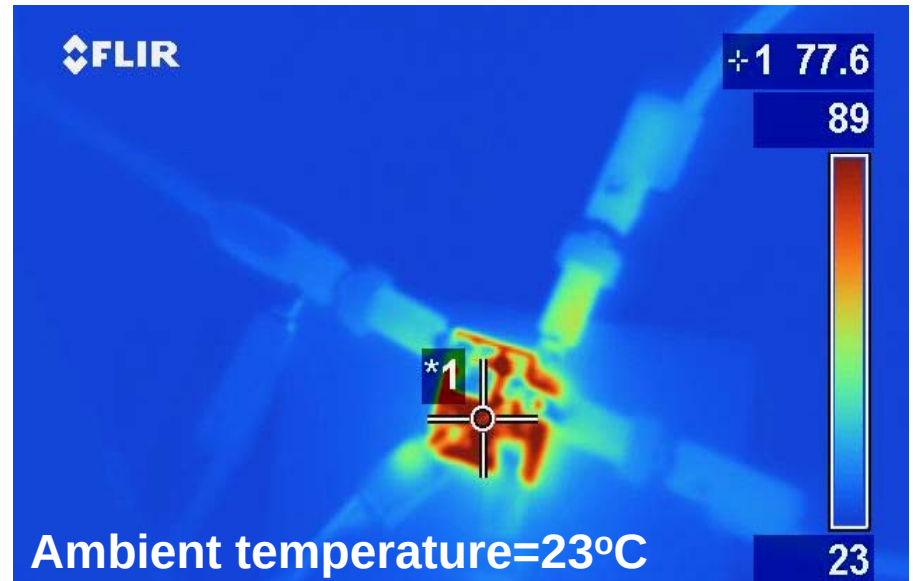
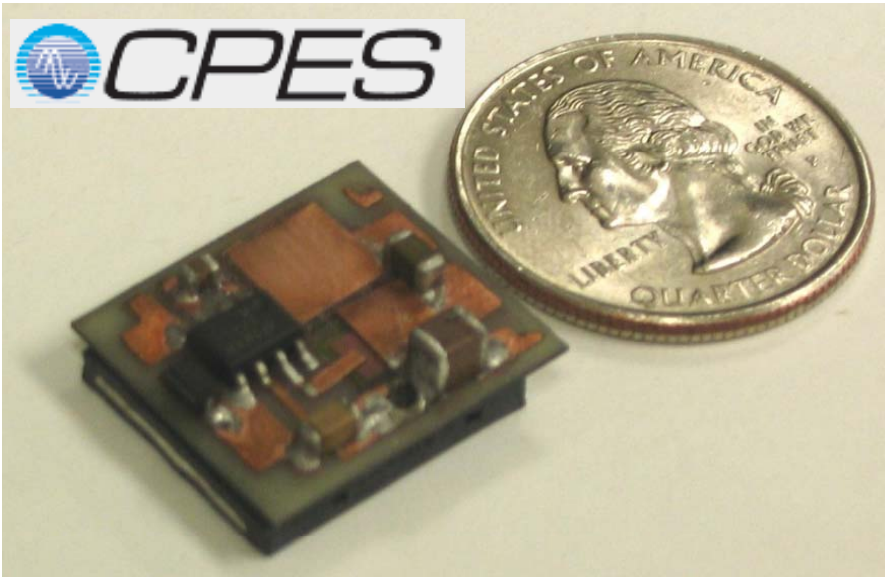
Passive Layer Design

- Low Temperature Co-fired Ceramics (LTCC) is used to integrate inductor
- Made by laminating many sheets of 60-100 μ m thick ferrite tape
- In the middle layer, silver paste is used for the conductor trace
- The layers are then pressed together and sintered at 900°C



Advantage of LTCC is its nonlinear inductance profile

Stacked Power Module

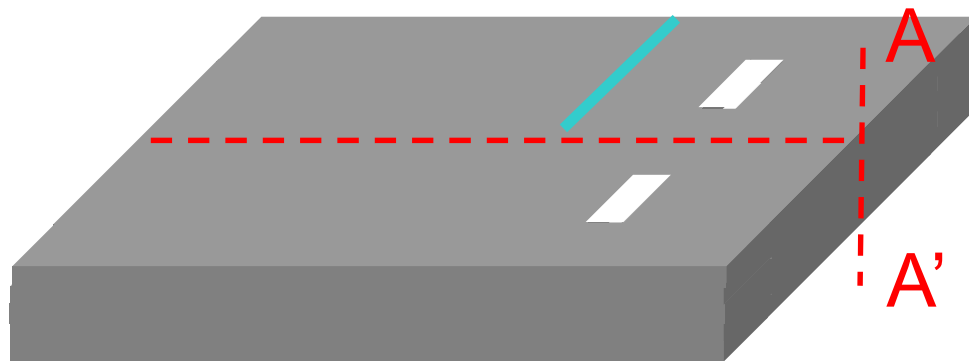


❖ Natural convection
– so no fan is used

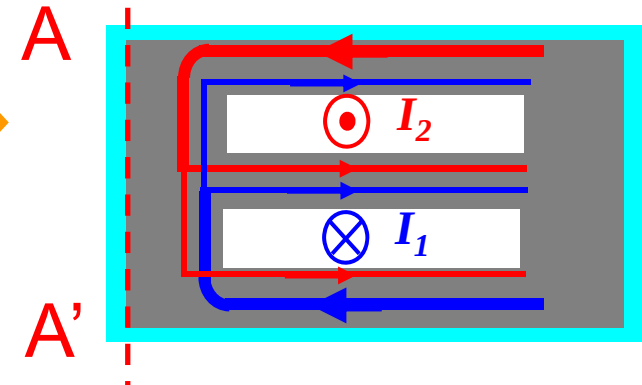
❖ 260 W/in³ power density

Coupled Inductors

Process

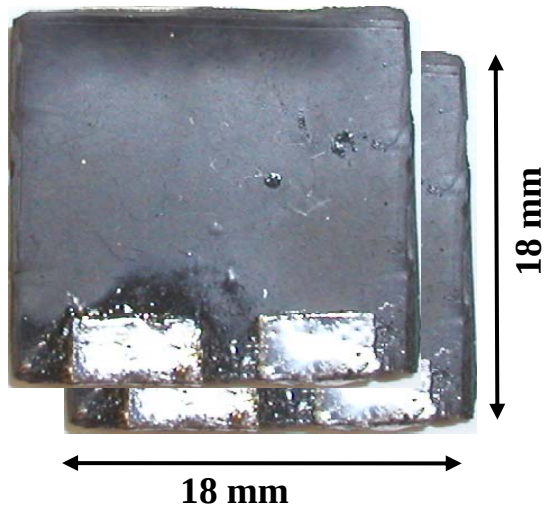


LTCC coupled inductors

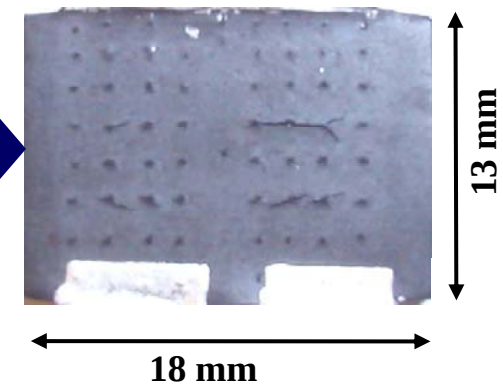


Size Reduction

2* Non-coupled inductors



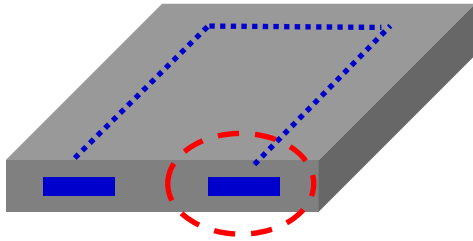
2 phase coupled inductors



**28% footprint reduction
37% volume reduction**

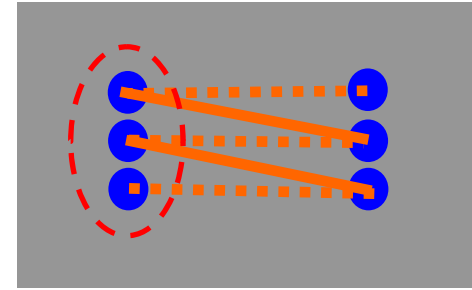
Alternative Planner Inductor Structure

-- Vertical Flux vs Lateral Flux

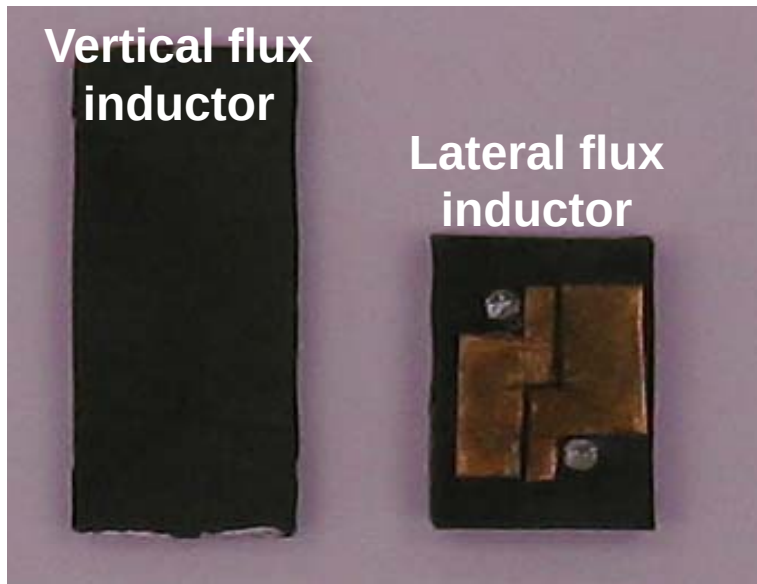


Vertical flux

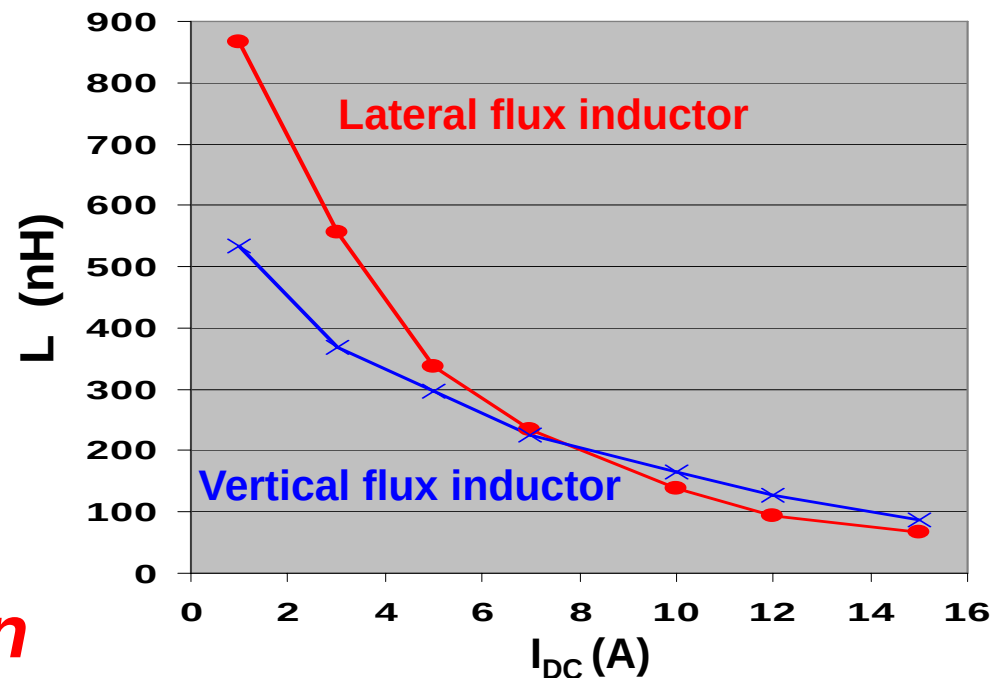
Vs



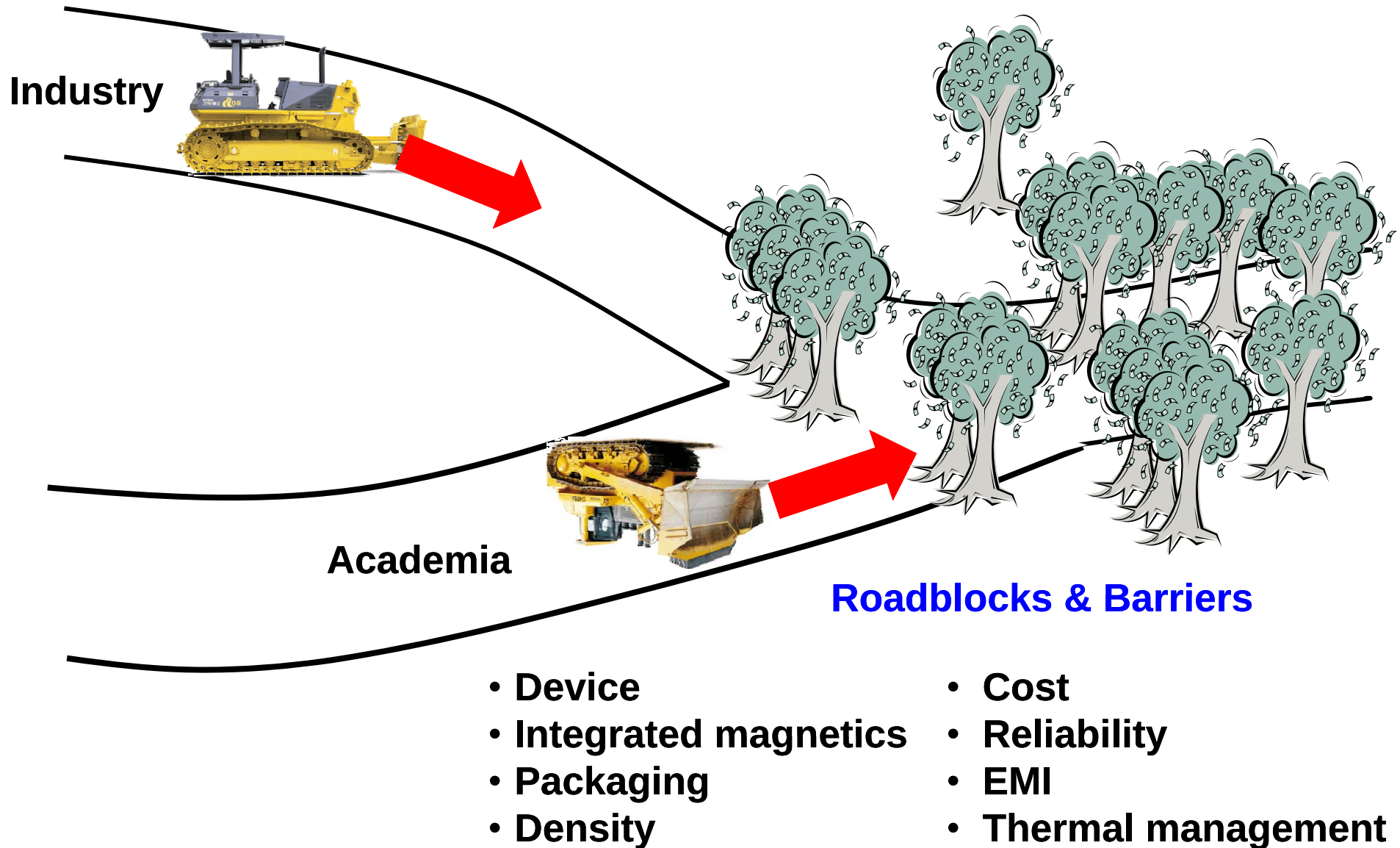
Lateral flux



35% footprint reduction



Technology Roadmap



Acknowledgement

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IOR International Rectifier

Thanks!

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[39] Hannon J., O' Sullivan D., McCarthy K.G., Egan M.G., "Design and Optimization of a High Current High Frequency Monolithic Buck Converter", IEEE APEC 2008, 20MHz, 2A max, 600mA tested, 70% eff., 3.3V-1.2V

[40] Product: Delta Delphia IPM04S0A0S10FA, 40W max, 10A max, 400kHz, 18x16

[41] Product: Lineage Power PicoTLynx, 30W max, 6A max, 600kHz, 12.2x12.2mm

[42] Product: National Semiconductor LM3218, 650mA, 2MHz, 3x2.5x1.2mm, 2.2W